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Notice of Annual

General Meeting

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Notice is hereby given that the Third Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the shareholders of Equity Bank Limited will be held on 30th March 2007 at Kenyatta International Conference Centre (KICC) NAIROBI at 10.00 a.m. to transact the following business:

- 1. To read the notice convening the meeting.
- To receive, consider and if thought fit, adopt the Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2006 together with the Chairman's, Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.
- To approve a first and final dividend for the year ended 31st December 2006 of KShs 2/= per ordinary share of KShs 5/= par value subject to withholding tax where applicable.
- 4. Election of Directors:
 - Mr. Benson Irungu Wairegi retires in accordance with Article 100 of the Company's Articles of Association and being eligible, offers himself for re-election;
 - Mr. Fredrick Mwangi Muchoki retires in accordance with Article 100 of the Company's Articles of Association and being eligible, offers himself for reelection;
 - c) Ms Beatrice Sabana retires in accordance with Article 100 of the Company's Articles of Association and does not seek re-election.
- S. To fix the remuneration of the directors.
- To note that the auditors Messrs Ernst & Young, being eligible and having expressed their willingness, will continue in office in accordance with section 159 (2) of the Kenyan Companies Act (Cap 486) and to authorize the directors to fix their remuneration.

1 Equity Bank Limited - Denodicals
2 Banks and banking - Kenya - periodicals

- 7. To pass the following ordinary resolutions:-
 - "(1) THAT the authorised share capital of the Company be increased from Kenya Shillings Five Hundred Million (KShs 500,000,000/=) divided into One Hundred Million Shares (100,000,000) of Kenya Shillings Five (KShs 5/=) each to Kenya Shillings One Billion Five Hundred Million (KShs 1,500,000,000/=) divided into Three hundred Million shares (300,000,000) of Kenya Shillings Five (KShs 5/=) each by the creation of Two Hundred Million (200,000,000) ordinary shares of Kenya Shillings Five (KShs 5/=) each to rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares in the capital of the company.
 - (2) THAT pursuant to Article 134 of the Company's Articles of Association and upon the recommendations of the Board and subject also to the approval of the Capital Markets Authority, it is hereby agreed and the Board is hereby directed as follows:
 - To capitalise the sum of KShs 905,645,500 /= being the amounts standing to the credit of the Share Premium Account (KShs 480,362,000/=) and the Revenue Reserves Account (KShs 425,283,500/=) and such sum be made available for distribution amongst the shareholders of the issued shares of KShs 5/= each in the capital of the Company in the proportion of two (2) bonus shares for each one (1) ordinary share held by them, on condition that the sum shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied in paying up in full 181,129,100 ordinary shares of KShs 5/= each in the capital of the Company at present unissued, to be allotted and issued as fully paid up at par to and amongst such members in the proportion of two (2) new ordinary shares of KShs 5/= for every one (1) ordinary share held:





Notice of Annual

General Meeting

continued

- ii. THAT every such bonus share so distributed shall rank pari passu with the existing issued ordinary shares provided that such bonus shares shall not participate in the dividend being declared for the year ended 31st December 2006 and provided also that fractional entitlements shall be ignored and holders of ordinary shares shall not be entitled to fractional certificates or to payments in lieu of them. The shares shall be treated for all purposes as an increase of the amount of share capital of the respective shareholder;
- iii. THAT should any of the said bonus shares not be issued by reason of fractions of a share being disregarded, the directors may allot and issue the same to such persons and upon such terms and conditions as they may deem fit.
- (3) THAT the decision of the Board to adopt 30th September 2005 (and not 30th June 2005) as the closing date for entitlement of the bonus shares approved by the Company in the Extraordinary General Meeting of 10th August 2005 be and is hereby confirmed and ratified.
- (4) THAT the Secretary be directed to arrange for the filing with the Registrar of Companies of all necessary returns consequent upon the business dealt with at this meeting."
- Any other business of which notice will have been duly received.

By order of the Board

UM

Mary Wangari Wamae Company Secretary NAIROBI 12th February 2007

NOTE:

- 1) A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting and who is unable to attend is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his or her behalf. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. To be valid, a proxy form must be duly completed by the member and lodged with the Company Secretary at the Company's Head Office situated in NHIF BUILDING 14TH FLOOR, not later than 10.00 am on 28th March 2007 failing which it will be invalid. In case of a corporate body, the proxy must be under its common seal. A form of proxy is attached to this report.
- 2) Subject to approval of shareholders, the Board of Directors has resolved to recommend to members at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting a dividend for the year 2006 of KShs 2/= per share being 40% of par value to be paid to shareholders on the register at the close of business on 5th April 2007. The dividend will be paid on or about 20th April 2007.
- 3) The date of closure of register for bonus issue will be announced after the approval from the Capital Markets Authority has been obtained.
- 4) The bonus shares issued herein will not be entitled to participate in the dividend declared for the year ended 31st December 2006.



Arifa ya Mkutano Mkuu

wa Kila Mwaka

Arifa inatolewa hapa kwamba mkutano mkuu wa tatu wa wenye hisa wa kampuni ya Benki ya Equity utafanywa tarehe 30 mwezi Machi 2007 katika jumba la mikutano la Kenyatta International Conference Centre saa nne asubuhi kutekeleza shughuli zifuatazo:

- 1. Kusoma arifa ya kuandaa mkutano.
- Kupokea, kutafakari na ikikubaliwa, kuidhinisha ripoti ya kila mwaka na taarifa za kifedha kwa mwaka uliomalizika tarehe 31 Disemba 2006 pamoja na ripoti ya mwenyekiti, wakurugenzi na wakaguzi wa hesabu za pesa.
- Kuidhinisha mgao wa faida wa kwanza na wa mwisho kwa mwaka 2006 wa shilingi mbili kwa kila hisa ya kawaida ya shilingi tano baada ya kutozwa ada panapohitajika.
- 4. Kuchagua Wakurugenzi:
 - a) Bw. Benson Irungu Wairegi anastaafu kuambatana na kifungu 100 cha sheria za makampuni na kwa kuwa anahitimu anajiwasilisha kuchaguliwa tena;
 - b) Bw. Fredrick Mwangi Muchoki anastaafu kuambatana na kifungu 100 cha sheria za makampuni na kwa kuwa anahitimu anajiwasilisha kuchaguliwa tena;
 - c) Bi Beatrice Sabana anastaafu kuambatana na kifungu 100 cha sheria za makampuni na hajajiwasilisha kuchaguliwa tena.
- 5. Kuweka mishahara ya wakurugenzi.
- 6. Kufahamishwa kwamba wakaguzi Messrs Ernst & Young, wakiwa wamehitimu na kuelezea nia yao kuendelea kuhudumu, wataendelea kuhudumu kuambatana na kifungu 159 (2) cha sheria za makampuni nchini kenya (Cap 486) na kutoa idhini kwa wakurugenzi kuweka mishahara yao.

- 7. Kupitisha maazimio ya kawaida yafuatayo:
 - "(1) KWAMBA mtaji ulioidhinishwa wa kampuni uongezwe kutoka shilingi milioni mia tano (Kshs 500,000,000/-) uliyogawanywa kwa hisa milioni mia moja (100,000,000) za thamani ya shilingi tano (Kshs 5/=) kila hisa hadi shilingi bilioni moja milioni mia tano (KShs1,500,000,000/=) uliogawanywa kwa hisa milioni mia tatu (300,000,000) za thamani ya shilingi tano (Kshs 5/=) kila hisa kwa kubuni hisa za kawaida milioni mia mbili (200,000,000) za thamani ya shilingi tano za Kenya (KShs 5/=) kila moja kuambatana na hisa za kawaida zilizopo kwenye mtaji wa Kampuni.
 - (2) KWAMBA kulingana na kifungu 134 cha sheria za makampuni na kuambatana na mapendekezo ya wakurugenzi na pia na Halamashauri ya Masoko ya hisa inakubaliwa hapa na Halmashauri imeagizwa kufanya yafuatayo:
 - i. Kuwekeza mtaji wa kiasi cha KShs 905,645,500/= kikiwa jumla ya fedha zilizopo kwenye akaunti ya hisa yaani Share Premium Account (Kshs 480,362,000/=) na akaunti ya mapato yaliyohifadhiwa yaani Revenue Reserves Account (KShs 425,283,500/=) na kiasi hicho kitolewe kuqawanywa miongoni mwa wenyehisa wanaomiliki hisa za thamani ya shilingi 5/= kila moja katika mtaji wa kampuni kwa kiasi cha hisa mbili (2) za ziada kwa kila hisa moja (1) ya kawaida inayomilikiwa chini ya masharti kwamba kiasi hicho hakitalipwa kwa pesa taslimu lakini kitatolewa kulipia kikamilifu hisa za kawaida 181,129,100 za thamani ya shilingi 5/= kila moja katika mtaji wa kampuni ambao haujatolewa kwa wakati huu, kutolewa na kugawanywa kama hisa zilizolipiwa miongoni mwa wanachama kwa kiasi cha hisa mbili (2) mpya za kawaida za thamani ya shilingi 5/= kwa kila hisa moja (1) inayomilikiwa;



Arifa ya Mkutano Mkuu

wa Kila Mwaka

- ii. KWAMBA hisa hizo za ziada zitakazotolewa zitaambatana na kiasi cha hisa za kawaida kinachomilikiwa mradi tu hizo zinazotolewa zisihusishwe kwenye mgao wa faida unaotangazwa kwa mwaka uliomalizika tarehe 31 Disemba 2006 na kwamba mgawanyo hususan utatupiliwa mbali na wenyehisa za kawaida hawatapata vyeti vya ugawaji au malipo ya hisa hizo. Hisa hizo zitachukuliwa kuwa ongezeko la mtaji wa hisa wa mwenyehisa anayehusika;
- iii. KWAMBA iwapo hisa hizo za ziada hazitatolewa kutokana na sababu za kutoweza kugawanywa wakurugenzi wanaweza kutoa na kugawa hisa hizo kwa watu hao kuambatana na masharti watakayoona yanafaa.
- (3) KWAMBA uamuzi wa Halmashauri wa kuidhinisha tarehe 30 Septemba 2005 (na wala sio 30 Juni 2005) kama tarehe ya mwisho ya kuhitimu kupewa hisa hizo za ziada iliyoidhinishwa na Kampuni katika mkutano mkuu usio wa kawaida wa tarehe 10 Agosti 2005 unathibitishwa na kuratibishwa.
- (4) KWAMBA Katibu aagizwe kuwasilisha kwa msajili wa kampuni stakabadhi zote zinazohusiana na shughuli zilizojadiliwa kwenye mkutano huu."
- Shughuli nyingine yoyote ambayo ilani yake itakuwa imepokewa ipasavyo.

Kwa amri ya Halmashauri



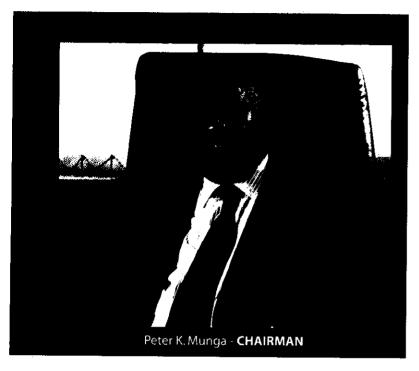
Mary Wangari Wamae Katibu wa Kampuni NAIROBI 12 Februari 2007

KUMBUKA:

- 1) Mwenyehisa anayeruhusiwa kuhudhuria na kupiga kura kwenye mkutano na ambaye hana nafasi ya kuhudhuria anaweza kuteua mwakilishi kuhudhuria na kupiga kura kwa niaba yake. Mwakilishi sio lazima awe mwanachama wa kampuni. Ili kukubaliwa, fomu ya uwakilishi inapaswa kujazwa ipasavyo na mwenyehisa na kupelekwa kwa katibu wa kampuni katika makao makuu ya kampuni yaliyoko katika jumba la NHIF orofa ya 14 kabla ya saa nne asubuhi tarehe 28 Machi 2007, kinyume na hayo itakuwa sio halali. Kwa mashirika, barua ya uwakilishi sharti iwe na muhuri wa kampuni. Fomu ya mwakilishi imeambatanishwa na ripoti hii.
- 2) Ikikubaliwa na wenyehisa, Halmashauri ya wakurugenzi imeazimia kupendekeza kwa wanachama katika mkutano mkuu ujao mgao wa faida kwa mwaka wa 2006 wa shilingi 2 kwa kila hisa ukiwa thamani ya asilimia 40% kulipwa wenye hisa walio kwenye orodha ya usajili kufikia saa za kufunga shughuli tarehe 5 Aprili 2007. Mgao wa faida utalipwa kuanzia tarehe 20 mwezi Aprili 2007.
- 3) Tarehe ya kufungwa kwa usajili wa hisa za ziada itatangazwa baada ya idhini kutoka kwa Halmashauri ya masoko ya hisa (CMA) kutolewa.
- Hisa za ziada zitakazotolewa hazitahitimu kupata mgao wa faida uliotangazwa kwa mwaka wa 2006.



Chairman's Statement



INTRODUCTION

It gives me great pleasure to present to you the Bank's annual report for the year ended 31st December 2006. If am particularly pleased to note that once again your Bank achieved a major milestone during the year by listing on the Nairobi Stock Exchange (NSE) in August 2006. It also gives me a lot of pride to inform you that the Bank has not only become one of the very few to cross the KShs 1 billion mark in terms of pre-tax profit, but is now home to over 1 million customers; making us the leading Bank in terms of customer numbers.

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

All indications are that the economy performed well in the just concluded financial year. Preliminary estimates by the Central Bank indicate that the annual growth rate is likely to be around 6%. The sectors that contributed to this growth include tourism, telecommunications, energy, construction and manufacturing. The average annual overall inflation rate increased to 14.5% during the year owing to increased food and fuel prices. The year saw a significant decline in interest rates with the benchmark 91 day treasury bill rate dropping from 8% to 5.7% as at December 2006. During the year, the shilling recorded mixed reactions against the major currencies; strengthening against the dollar and the yen while depreciating against the sterling pound and euro to close at KShs 69.63, KShs 59.47, Kshs 136.79, and KShs 92.03 respectively. The year saw a lot of activity in the capital market driven by excitement created by initial public offers and excess liquidity in the market. The NSE 20-share index closed the year at 5646 points, up from 3973 as at December 2005, a 42% appreciation.

Given the favourable macroeconomic conditions, the banking sector remained stable with improvements noted in asset quality measured as a ratio of net non performing loans and advances to gross loans and advances which declined from 27.1% to 22.4% by the third quarter of 2006. Total assets grew by 18.4% from KShs 641.2 billion in 2005 to KShs 759.3 billion in 2006. Net loans and advances grew from KShs 329.9 billion to KShs 380.9 billion. There was a significant increase in lending to private households, transport and communications, building and construction and manufacturing sectors of the economy. Deposit liabilities including accrued interest grew by 24% from KShs 510.8 billion to close at KShs 620.3 billion driven by external donor flows, remittances by Kenyans living abroad and earnings from tourism and the agricultural sector. The industry maintained a liquidity ratio of 43.3% well above the statutory 20% ratio. The overall profitability of the sector improved during the year with the annualised return on assets improving from 2.4% in 2005 to 2.8% in 2006.

PERFORMANCE OF THE BANK

It is within this environment that the results of the Bank upto December 2006 show continued growth in all parameters coupled with improved efficiency. Pre-tax profits increased from KShs 501 million to KShs 1.1 billion, an impressive growth of 120%. Our total assets grew by 75% from KShs 11.5 billion to KShs 20 billion. The results are a testament to the fact that the Bank's expansion strategy is bearing fruit and we can therefore expect more during the current financial year. I take this opportunity to congratulate the management and staff for a job well done and our customers for their continued support and advocacy.

LISTING AT THE NSE

The Bank was listed at the Nairobi Stock Exchange (NSE) on 7th August, 2006. This was a momentous occassion as your Bank was the first microfinance bank to be listed on the stock exchange in both Kenya and the African continent. The Bank's shares continue to do well at the NSE closing at an average price of KShs 139 per share

"It also gives me a lot of pride to inform you that the Bank has not only become one of the very few to cross the KShs 1 billion mark in terms of pre-tax profit, but is now home to over 1 million customers; making us the leading Bank in terms of customer numbers".



and market capitalization of KShs 12.6 billion by the end of the year. We are confident that as our presence in the market continues to be felt the share price will reflect the true shareholder value.

DIVIDEND AND BONUS ISSUE

The Board is recommending a dividend of KShs 2 per share for the year and the issue of a bonus of two shares for every one held subject to approval of the shareholders and the Capital Markets Authority. This we believe is consistent with the need to retain adequate capital to meet the Bank's expansion requirements as outlined in the Strategic Plan.

GOVERNANCE AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

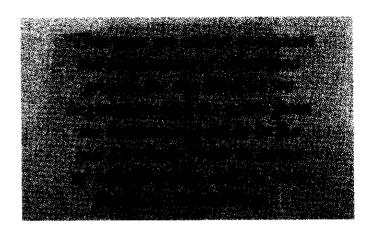
Separate statements on Corporate Governance and Social Responsibility are contained elsewhere in this report. I would however, like to bring to your attention some changes in the composition of the Board; Ms. Wanjiku Mugane ceased to be a director effective 14th July 2006, while Mr Peter Gachuba was reelected as a director with Wagane Diouf as his alternate. Both Peter Gachuba and Wagane Diouf represent Africap in Eastern & Southern Africa. I wish to register the Board's appreciation of Ms. Wanjiku's contribution and to wish her well in her other endeavours.

As has been mentioned above, the past year has not only been one of rapid growth and many firsts for the Bank, but also challenges, and it is on that note that I wish to recognise my fellow Board members for their resourcefulness and dedication in steering the Bank forward.

On the social responsibility front, the Bank continued its commitment of ensuring that it contributes in a meaningful way to developments within the community. It is with this objective that the Bank continued with its support of the pre-university internship programme, lighting up Nairobi Streets in partnership with Adopta-Light, taking banking services to our people through the mobile vans and enhancing financial literacy in the rural areas. It is also worthy to note that your Bank was recognized as a good corporate citizen by the Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) for being amongst the largest tax payers in the country.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The economic outlook for 2007 is promising despite the fact that this is an election year. Indications are that the existing macroeconomic conditions will continue to prevail and therefore inflationary pressures, interest rates and exchange rates will remain stable. This positive outlook assumes that the weather conditions will remain favourable in the year and that potentially high and volatile prices of crude oil will not significantly disrupt the economy.



As I mentioned last year, we have invested significantly in information communication technology platform and the implementation of related projects is nearing completion. As we speak, there are 109 ATMs already deployed around the country and more are expected. This initiative is one of many aimed at increasing access to financial services and responding to the changing customer needs. The development of what we are referring to as the "alternate delivery channels" is a stepping block in facilitating the roll out of new products and services. Already customers can sign up to SMS Banking, and Internet Banking which essentially is "banking on your finger tips". This year we expect to sustain the momentum of continued growth for the Bank as we begin to realise the gains from the investments made in the just concluded year in terms of infrastructure and the new products and services. We shall focus on delighting our customers with our quality of service and enhanced client relationship management. As always, we will endevour to make banking services affordable and accessible to the vast majority of Kenyans.

CONCLUSION

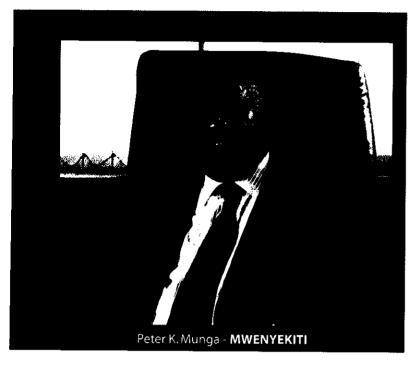
I now take this opportunity on behalf of the Board, to say THANK YOU to all our customers, staff and our development partners who contributed to making the year 2006 another successful year for the Bank. I also take this opportunity to recognize the contribution from the Government, and the Central Bank of Kenya in particular for creating an enabling environment. I trust that all of you will continue supporting our endeavour to achieving our vision of "being the preferred microfinance services provider." We invite you to continue sharing in our dream.

Amag

P.K. Munga Chairman



Taarifa ya Mwenyekiti



UTANGULIZI

Nina furaha kuu kuwasilisha ripoti ya kila mwaka ya Benki kwa mwaka wa 2006. Ninafuraha haswa kusema kwamba kwa mara nyingine Benki yenu ilipiga hatua Kubwa wakati wa kipindi cha mwaka huo kwa kuorodheshwa katika soko la uuzaji hisa la Nairobi mnamo mwezi Agosti mwaka wa 2006. Pia najivunia kuwafahamisha kwamba Benki hii sio tu mojawapo ya chache ambazo zimeafikia kiwango cha shilingi bilioni 1 katika faida kabla ya kutozwa ushuru, lakini pia ina wateja zaidi ya milioni moja; na kutufanya kuwa Benki inayoongoza kwa kuwa na idadi kubwa ya wateja.

MAZINGIRA YA UENDESHAJI SHUGHULI

Ishara zote zinadhihirisha kwamba uchumi ulikuwa bora katika mwaka wa matumizi ya fedha uliomalizika hivi punde huku makadirio ya mwanzo ya Benki Kuu yakionyesha kwamba kiwango cha ukuaji kilikaribia aslimia 6%. Sekta ambazo zilichangia ukuaji huu ni pamoja na utalii, mawasiliano ya simu, kawi, ujenzi na utengenezaji bidhaa. Kiwango cha kadri cha ongezeko la gharama ya maisha kiliongezeka na kufikia aslimia 14.5% katika nusu ya pili ya mwaka kutokana na kuongezeka kwa bei za vyakula na kawi. Katika mwaka huo, viwango vya riba vilipungua huku viwango vya hati za dhamana za siku 91 vikipungua kutoka aslimia 8% hadi 5.7% kufikia mwezi Disemba 2006. Wakati wa mwaka huo, shilingi ya Kenya ilibadilishwa kwa viwango tofauti dhidi ya sarafu muhimu za kimataifa; ikiimarika dhidi ya dola na yen na kupungua thamani dhidi ya pauni na euro na kufikia KShs 69.63, KShs 59.47, KShs 139.79, na KShs 92.03 mtawalia. Mwaka huo ulikuwa na shughuli nyingi katika Halmashauri ya masoko ya hisa kutokana na hali ya msisimko uliotokana na kuuzwa kwa hisa kwa umma kwa mara ya kwanza na kampuni kadha wa kadha na kuwepo pesa taslimu za ziada katika soko. Kiwango cha hisa za kampuni 20 bora katika soko

la hisa la Nairobi kilifunga mwaka kwa alama 5646 ikilinganishwa na 3973 mnamo mwezi Disemba 2005 na kudhihirisha ongezeko la aslimia 42%. Kutokana na hali bora ya uchumi, sekta ya benki ilibakia thabiti huku ubora wa raslimali ukiimarika kwa kuzingatia ukadiriaji wa kiwango cha mikopo isiyokuwa na faida ikilinganishwa na jumla ya mikopo yote ambacho kilipungua kutoka aslimia 27.1% hadi 22.4% kufikia Disemba 2006. Jumla ya raslimali ilikua kwa aslimia 18.4% kutoka shilingi bilioni 641.2 mwaka wa 2005 hadi shilingi bilioni 759.3 mwaka wa 2006. Kiwango cha ukopeshaji kilikua kutoka shilingi bilioni 329.9 hadi bilioni 380.9. Kulikuwa na ongezeko la kiwango kikubwa katika ukopeshaji kwa wateja binafsi, sekta za uchukuzi na mawasiliano, ujenzi na utengenezaji bidhaa. Gharama ya akiba ikiwa ni pamoja na riba ilikua kwa aslimia 24% kutoka shilingi bilioni 510.8 na kufikia shilingi bilioni 620.3 kutokana na ufadhili kutoka nje, fedha zinazotolewa na Wakenya wanaoishi ngʻambo na mapato kutoka kwa sekta za utalii na kilimo. Sekta ya benki ilidumisha kiwango cha pesa taslimu cha aslimia 43% kikiwa cha juu kuliko kile kinachohitajika cha aslimia 20%. Jumla ya faida katika sekta hiyo iliimarika katika kipindi cha mwaka huo huku mapato ya raslimali ya mwaka yakiimarika kutoka aslimia 2.4% mwaka wa 2005 hadi aslimia 2.8% mwaka wa 2006.

UTENDAJI WA BENKI

Ni katika mazingira haya ambapo matokeo ya Benki hadi Disemba 2006 yanaonyesha kuendelea kwa ukuaji katika nyanja zote ikiwa ni pamoja na kuimarika kwa utendaji kazi. Faida kabla ya kutozwa ushuru iliongezeka kutoka shilingi milioni 501 hadi shilingi bilioni 1.1, sawa na ukuaji wa juu wa aslimia 120%. Jumla ya raslimali zetu ilikua kwa aslimia 75% kutoka shilingi bilioni 11.5 na kufikia shilingi bilioni 20.0. Matokeo hayo ni ushahidi wa ukweli kwamba mpango wa upanuzi wa Benki hii unapata ufanisi na hivyo basi tunaweza kutarajia mafanikio zaidi wakati wa kipindi cha mwaka huu cha matumizi ya fedha. Ninachukua fursa hii kuwapongeza wasimamizi na wafanyikazi kwa kazi yao nzuri na wateja kwa kuendelea kutuunga mkono.

Pia najivunia kuwafahamisha kwamba Benki hii sio tu mojawapo ya chache ambazo zimeafikia kiwango cha shilingi bilioni 1 katika faida kabla ya kutozwa ushuru, lakini pia ina wateja zaidi ya milioni moja; na kutufanya kuwa Benki inayoongoza kwa kuwa na idadi kubwa ya wateja.



KUORODHESHWA KATIKA SOKO LA HISA

Benki iliorodheshwa katika soko la hisa la Nairobi tarehe 7 Mwezi Agosti 2006. Hili lilikuwa tukio muhimu kwa sababu benki yenu ilikuwa benki ya kwanza inayokopesha wafanyibiashara ndogondogo kuorodheshwa katika soko la hisa nchini Kenya na katika bara la Afrika. Hisa za benki ziliendelea kupata matokeo bora katika soko la hisa la Nairobi ambapo bei ya hisa ilifikia kiwango cha wastani cha shilingi 139 kwa kila hisa na mtaji wa soko kufikia shilingi bilioni 12.6.Tuna imani kwamba huku tukiendelea kufanikiwa katika soko la hisa bei ya hisa itadhihirisha thamani halisi ya wenyehisa.

MGAO WA FAIDA

Halmashauri imependekeza mgao wa faida wa shilingi 2 kwa kila hisa kwa mwaka huo na kutolewa kwa hisa mbili kwa kila moja inayomilikiwa ikikubaliwa na wenyehisa na Halmashauri ya masoko ya hisa. Tunaamini kuwa hii inaambatana na haja ya kuhifadhi mtaji wa kutosha kutimiza mahitaji ya upanuzi ya Benki kama iliyyofafanuliwa katika mpango wa mikakati.

USIMAMIZI NA JUKUMU KWA JAMII

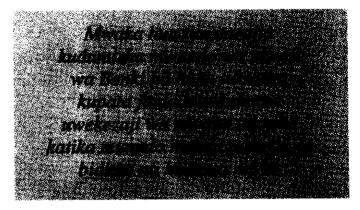
Taarifa tofauti kuhusu usimamizi na jukumu kwa jamii zimechapishwa kwingineko katika ripoti hii. Hata hivyo ningependa kuwafahammisha kuhusu mabadiliko kadhaa katika Halmashauri; Bi. Wanjiku Mugane alistaafu kuanzia tarehe 14 Julai 2006,ilhali Bw. Peter Gachuba alichaguliwa upya kama mkurugenzi naye Wagane Diouf kama mkurugenzi badalia. Peter Gachuba na Wagane Diouf wanawakilisha Africap katika eneo la Mashariki na Kusini kwa Afrika. Kwa niaba ya Halmashauri ya wakurugenzi ningependa kumshukuru Wanjiku kwa mchango wake na kumtakia kila la kheri katika lolote afanyalo.

Kama ilivyotajwa awali, mwaka uliopita haukuwa tu wenye ukuaji wa haraka na mambo mengi mapya kwa Benki lakini ulikuwa pia wenye changamoto na ni kwa sababu hiyo ambapo ningependa kushukuru wanachama wenzangu wa Halmashauri kwa kujitolea kwao kuifanikisha Benki hii.

Kwa upande wa jukumu kwa jamii Benki iliendelea kujitolea kuhakikisha kwamba inatoa mchango wenye maana kwa maendeleo katika jamii. Ni katika kutimiza lengo hili ambapo Benki iliendelea na mpango wake wa kutoa fursa kwa wanafunzi kujifunza kazi kabla ya kujiunga na vyuo vikuu. Ni vyema pia kujua kwamba benki yenu ilitambuliwa kama shirika bora na halmashauri ya ukusanyaji ushuru nchini (KRA) kwa kuwa miongoni mwa kampuni zinazotoa kiwango kikubwa cha ushuru.

HALI YA SIKU ZIJAZO

Hali ya kiuchumi ya mwaka wa 2007 ina matumaini licha ya kwamba ni mwaka wa uchaguzi. Dalili zinaonyesha kwamba hali ya kiuchumi iliyoko ya mashirika makubwa itaendelea na hapo baadaye shinikizo za kupanda kwa gharama ya maisha, viwango



vya riba na viwango vya ubadilishanaji fedha vitakuwa thabiti. Hali hii ya matumaini inachukulia kwamba hali ya hewa itakuwa bora katika mwaka huu na bei zinazobadilika badilika za mafuta ambayo havajasafishwa hazitaathiri uchumi kwa kiwango kikubwa.

Kama nilivyosema mwaka jana, tumewekeza kiasi kikubwa katika tekinolojia ya habari na utekelezaji wa miradi inayohusiana unakaribia kukamilika.Tunapoongea sasa kuna mitambo 109 ya ATM iliyowekwa sehemu mbalimbali nchini na mingine zaidi inatarajiwa. Mradi huu ni mojawapo ya mipango inayonuiwa kufanya huduma za kifedha kufikiwa kwa haraka na pia kutimiza mahitaji yanayobadilika ya wateja. Kustawishwa kwa kile tunachokiita njia badalia za kutoa huduma yaani, "alternate delivery channels" ni hatua ya kurahisisha kuanzishwa kwa bidhaa na huduma mpya. Tayari wateja wanaweza kujiandikisha kutumia huduma ya ujumbe mfupi SMS, na mtandao ambazo zinarahisisha kabisa shughuli ya benki. Mwaka huu tunatarajia kudumisha mwendo wa ukuaji wa Benki hii huku tukianza kupata faida kutokana na uwekezaji wa mwaka uliopita katika muundo msingi pamoja na bidhaa na huduma mpya. Kama ilivyo nyakati zote, tutazingatia kuwaridhisha wateja wetu kwa ubora wa huduma zetu na usimamizi bora zaidi wa uhusiano baina yetu na wateja wetu.

HITIMISHO

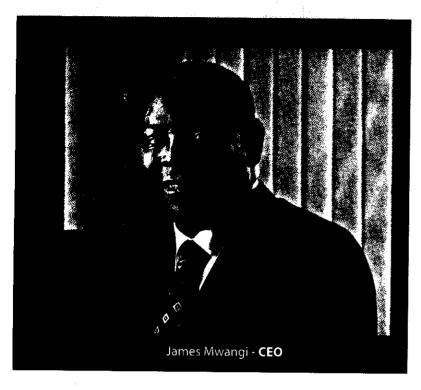
Na sasa nachukua fursa hii kwa niaba ya Halmashauri ya wa kurugenzi, KUWASHUKU wateja wetu wote, wafanyikazi na washirika wetu wa maendeleo ambao walichangia kuufanya mwaka wa 2006 kuwa mwaka mwingine wenye mafanikio kwa Benki. Kadhalika nachukua nafasi hii kutambua na kupongeza mchango kutoka kwa serikali, na haswa Benki kuu kwa kubuni mazingira bora. Pia ninaamini kwamba nyote mtaendelea kuunga mkono juhudi zetu za kuafikia lengo letu la kuwa "mtoaji huduma za kifedha anayependwa zaidi". Tunawaalika muendelee kushirikiana nasi katika kutimiza ndoto yetu.

P.K. Munga

Mwenyekiti



CEO's Statement



I am pleased to present to you the financial highlights of your Bank's performance for the year ended 31st December 2006, and the plans and expectations for the coming year.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Bank posted a pre-tax profit of KShs 1.1 billion in 2006, representing 120% growth compared to KShs 501 million in 2005. This was achieved on the back of the growth in the economy, a growing and loyal customer base of over 1 million customers, increased transaction volumes, improvement in asset quality and an overall improvement in efficiency.

Total operating income grew by 87% to close at KShs 3.4 billion compared to KShs 1.8 billion in 2005. The increase in operating income was largely attributable to growth in non-interest income which almost doubled from KShs 937 million in 2005 to close at KShs 1.9 billion. The income received from commissions and fees contributed 55% of total operating income. Interest income also grew by 72% accounting for 45% of total operating income and was consistent with both an increase in loans and advances to customers, as well as increase in earnings from investments. Interest expense grew by 54% to close at KShs 127 million resulting in net interest income of KShs 1.5 billion.

To achieve the above results, the Bank's total overhead expenses increased by 74% from KShs 1.3 billion in 2005 to stand at KShs 2.3 billion. This increase was expected, and is in line with the expansion of the Bank's infrastructure and capacity that included the opening of 10 new branches and recruitment of 510 employees. Additionally, there was the impact of depreciation charge on the new core

banking software, hardware and ATMs acquired the previous year. However, despite the increase, the Bank's total cost-to-income ratio declined from 72% in 2005 to 67% in 2006 suggesting an improvement in efficiency.

The Bank closed the year with total assets of KShs 20 billion up from KShs 11.5 billion in 2005 representing a 75% growth. Gross loans and advances accounted for the biggest share closing at KShs 11.4 billion up from KShs 5.9 billion an increase of 93% driven by enhanced lending to the Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (SME) and consumer sectors. Despite the significant growth, the quality of the loan book as represented by the ratio of non-performing loans and advances to gross loans and advances improved from 10% as at December 2005 to 5% as at December 2006. The investment in government securities accounted for 8% of the total assets closing at KShs 1.7 billion, while placements with other banking institutions closed at KShs 2 billion accounting for 10% of the total assets. The investment in fixed assets also grew on account of the continued investment in technology and bank infrastructure.

On the liabilities side, customer deposits (including accrued interest) increased by 81%, once again underlining the Bank's strength in deposit mobilization. Towards the end of the year, the Bank managed to secure a term loan of USD 7 million repayable in 3 years which is intended to diversify the funding structure of the Bank. Other liabilities including tax payable made up only 5% of total liabilities. Total shareholders funds increased by 38% to close at KShs 2.2 billion up from KShs 1.6 billion in 2005 and constituted 11% of total liabilities and shareholders' funds.

OPERATIONS REVIEW

The past year was challenging in that we undertook the second phase of the implementation of the core banking system that included set-up and integration of the Finacle treasury module, the ATM switch and other related auxiliary systems. During the year, we also opened 10 new branches and commissioned 109 ATMs as part of the strategic expansion plan targeting regional expansion and roll-out of the alternate delivery channels. We also undertook a key project described as ABPR or "Application Business Process Re-engineering". It was aimed at reviewing and aligning the existing operational policies and procedures due to the inevitable change in

"The Bank posted a pre-tax profit of KShs 1.1 billion in 2006, representing 120% growth compared to KShs 501 million in 2005."



processes that arises from a change of the IT software. We were also able to deploy and launch the ATM services using both the ATM at branch and the unique "AutoBranch" concept. It is worthy to note that this new channel is now handling over 57% of the Banks cash transactions, with the volume expected to grow as more and more customers acquire their ATM cards. The impact of the existing IT infrastructure has made us a truly branchless Bank. It is also expected that this strategy will assist in promoting the Bank's high volume-low margins business model which has proved to be successful and drastically reduced congestion levels in the branches.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

As highlighted by the Chairman, the listing of the Bank in the main investment market segment was a significant milestone in the development of our business. The share price has remained reasonably stable since commencement of trading closing at KShs 139 per share at the end of the year with a market capitalization of KShs 12.6 billion up from an introductory price and market capitalization of KShs 70 and KShs 6.3 billion respectively. The listing serves to open the various opportunities available in the capital market and we are confident that shareholders will be able to derive value from their investment.

The year was also significant in that it saw an increase in customer numbers with over 450,000 new customers joining the Bank to close with a total client base of 1,014,474 customers (32% of the total bank accounts in the market). I believe that this is testament of the fact that a huge number of customers place value on our services and we shall endeavour to ensure that we continue to deliver timely and quality service. In line with the growth of our branch network and customer base, our staff compliment increased from B84 at the beginning of the year to close at 1394. In recognition of the fact that customer service is increasingly becoming the key driver in the industry, the Bank did recruit among the new staff a team of relationship managers who are expected to foster closer relations with our customers, in addition to driving the acquisition of more business.

During the year, as part of our continuous effort to deliver innovative financial services to our customers, we launched some new products and services that included SMS & Internet banking and M-banking. It is our aim to ensure that these new products and services will go a long way in meeting the needs of our diversified client base, who have also become more discerning in what they expect from us. The Bank expects to also enhance the product and services offering through continuous research and innovation.

HUMAN CAPITAL

It is in our interest to continue investing in the development of our human capital as a prerequisite to meeting expectations of our employees and customers. Consequently, we continued to offer



various groups of our employees training opportunities to learn new skills and develop careers, locally and abroad. All employees also undergo an annual performance appraisal, which includes identification of training and development needs.

In addition, our commitment to provide them with competitive working conditions remained a cardinal tenet of our corporate policy. Apart from salary our employees enjoy medical care and membership to a pension scheme in addition to various other benefits, where applicable. The Bank has also established an Employee Share Ownership Programme (ESOP) through which employees are able to own shares in the Bank.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Going forward, we intend to continue with the planned expansion strategy that should see an increase in out-reach nationwide; development and implementation of additional delivery channels and points of sale, in addition to creating an eco-system of inclusive financial services. To support the growth strategy, the Bank will continue to invest in technology optimization to meet the new market needs and challenges in addition to investing in the requisite internal capacity in terms of human resources, not only to deliver the products and services, but also to manage the Bank into posterity. Further, we will strive to ensure enhanced efficiency and effectiveness in our operations so as to maintain high quality customer service standards.

CONCLUSION

Last year was a year of remarkable achievements for the Bank, and I believe a significant stride was made towards fulfilling our African dream. I take this opportunity to thank the Board of Directors under the able leadership of the Chairman, our customers, staff, development partners and other stakeholders who contributed towards these great achievements. I am confident that your Bank is well positioned to continue performing well in what we believe will be an increasingly competitive market place.



James Mwangi CEO



Taarifa ya Afisa Mkuu Mtendaji



Ninafuraha kuangazia utekelezaji wa kifedha wa benki yenu kwa mwaka wa 2006, na mipango na matarajio ya mwaka ujao.

MAREJELEO YA KIFEDHA

Benki ilipata faida ya shilingi bilioni 1.1 kabla ya kutozwa ushuru mwaka wa 2006, ukuaji huo uliwakilisha aslimia 120 ikilinganishwa na shilingi milioni 501 mwaka wa 2005. Haya yaliafikiwa kutokana na ukuaji wa uchumi, ongezeko la idadi ya wateja waaminifu, kuongezeka kwa idadi ya biashara, kuimarika kwa ubora wa raslimali na kuimarika kwa utekelezaji kazi kwa ujumla.

Jumla ya mapato ya uendeshaji shughuli iliongezeka kwa aslimia 87 na kufikia shilingi bilioni 3.4 ikilinganishwa na shilingi bilioni 1.8 mnamo mwaka wa 2005. Ongezeko katika mapato ya uendeshaji shughuli ulitokana kwa kiasi kikubwa na ukuaji katika mapato yasiyokuwa na riba ambayo yaliongezeka mara dufu kutoka shilingi milioni 937 mwaka wa 2005 hadi kufikia shilingi bilioni 1.9.Mapato yaliyotokana na ada zinazotozwa yalichangia aslimia 55 ya jumla ya mapato ya uendeshaji shughuli. Mapato ya riba pia yalikua kwa aslimia 72 na kuchangia aslimia 45 ya jumla ya mapato ya uendeshaji shughuli na hii iliambatana na ongezeko katika mikopo kwa wateja, na pia mapato kutokana na uwekezaji. Gharama ya riba ilikua kwa aslimia 54 na kufikia shilingi milioni 127 na kuleta mapato ya riba ya shilingi bilioni 1.5 baada ya gharama.

Ili kuafikia matokeo hayo, jumla ya gharama za matumizi ya benki ziliongezeka kwa aslimia 74 kutoka shilingi bilioni 1.3 mwaka wa 2005 na kufikia shilingi bilioni 2.3. Ongezeko hilo lilitarajiwa na linaambatana na upanuzi wa muundo msingi na uwezo wa benki hii ambao ulijumuisha kufunguliwa kwa matawi mapya kumi na kuajiriwa kwa wafanyikazi 510. Isitoshe, kulikuwa na athari ya malipo ya mitambo muhimu mipya ya benki, tarakilishi na mitambo ya ATM

iliyonunuliwa mwaka uliotangulia. Hata hivyo, licha ya ongezeko hilo, gharama ya jumla ya benki ikilinganishwa na mapato ilipungua kutoka aslimia 72 mwaka wa 2005 hadi aslimia 67 mwaka wa 2006 hii ikidhihirisha kuimarika kwa utendaji kazi.

Benki ilifunga mwaka ikiwa na raslimali za jumla ya shilingi bilioni 20 kutoka shilingi bilioni 11.5 mwaka wa 2005 na kuwakilisha ukuaji wa aslimia 75. Jumla ya mikopo ilichukua sehemu kubwa na kufikia shilingi bilioni 11.4 kutoka shilingi bilioni 5.9 hili likiwa ongezeko la aslimia 93 ambalo lilitokana na kuimarishwa kwa utoaji mikopo kwa biashara ndogo ndogo na za kadri na sekta ya watumizi binafsi. Uwekezaji katika dhamana za serikali ulikuwa aslimia 8 ya jumla ya raslimali na kufikia shilingi bilioni 1.7 na akiba katika kampuni za kifedha ilifikia shilingi bilioni 2 ambazo ni sawa na aslimia 10 ya jumla ya raslimali. Uwekezaji katika raslimali za kudumu ulikua kutokana na uwekezaji katika tekinolojia na muundo msingi wa benki.

Katika upande wa gharama, akiba za wateja (ikiwa ni pamoja na faida) ziliongezeka kwa aslimia 81; na kwa mara nyingine kudhihirisha uwezo wa benki katika ukusanyaji akiba. Kufikia mwisho wa mwaka benki ilifanikiwa kupata mkopo wa dola milioni 7 za marekani (shilingi milioni 455) utakaolipwa katika kipindi cha miaka mitatu ambao unadhamiriwa kuimarisha mfumo wa utoaji fedha wa benki. Gharama nyingine ikiwa ni pamoja na ushuru unaopaswa kulipwa zilikuwa aslimia 5 ya jumla ya gharama. Jumla ya fedha za wanahisa ziliongezeka kwa aslimia 38 na kufikia shilingi bilioni 2.2 kutoka shilingi 1.6 mwaka wa 2005 na kujumuisha aslimia 11 ya jumla ya gharama na fedha za wanahisa.

MAREJELEO YA UENDESHAJI SHUGHULI

Mwaka uliopita ulikuwa na chamgamoto nyingi kwa sababu tulitekeleza awamu ya pili ya mfumo muhimu wa shughuli za benki ambao ulijumuisha kuanzishwa kwa tekinolojia mpya na mifumo mingine inayohusiana. Mnamo mwaka huo pia tulifungua matawi 10 mapya na kuanzisha matumizi ya mitambo109 ya ATM kama sehemu ya mpango madhubuti wa upanuzi uliolenga upanuzi wa maeneo. Kadhalika tulitekeleza mradi muhimu ulioelezewa kama harakati za kuimarisha biashara "Application Business Process Re-engineering" (ABPR) ambao ulinuiwa kuchunguza upya na kusawazisha sera zilizopo za uendeshaji shughuli na taratibu kutokana na mabadiliko yasiyoweza kuepukika yanayotokana na kubadilisha mfumo wa tekinolojia ya habari. Tulifanikiwa pia

Benki ilipata faida ya shilingi bilioni 1.1 kabla ya kutozwa ushuru mwaka wa 2006, ukuaji huo uliwakilisha aslimia 120 ikilinganishwa na shilingi milioni 501 mwaka wa 2005.



kuzindua huduma za mitambo ya ATM kwa kutumia mitambo katika tawi na pia dhana ya "Autobranch". Ni muhimu kufahamu kwamba mfumo huu mpya sasa unashughulikia zaidi ya aslimia 57 ya shughuli zote za pesa taslimu za benki, huku viwango hivyo vikitarajiwa kukua huku wateja zaidi wakiendelea kupata kadi zao za ATM. Muundo msingi wa tekinolojia uliopo kwa wakati huu umetufanya kuwa benki isiyokuwa na vikwazo vya matawi. Kadhalika inatarajiwa kwamba mbinu hii itasaidia kuendeleza mfumo wa biashara ya kiasi kikubwa kwa riba ya chini ambao umedhihirika kuwa na ufanisi.

MAENDELEO YA BIASHARA

Kama ilivyoangaziwa na Mwenyekiti, kuorodheshwa kwa benki hii katika soko la hisa kulikuwa hatua muhimu katika ustawishaji biashara yetu. Bei ya hisa iliendelea kuwa thabiti tangu kuanza kwa uuzaji na kuuzwa kwa shilingi 139 kwa kila hisa kufikia mwisho wa mwaka na mtaji wa soko wa shilingi bilioni 12.6 kutoka bei ya mwanzo ya shilingi 70 na mtaji wa soko wa shilingi bilioni 6.3. Kuorodheshwa kwa hisa kunafungua nafasi zilizoko katika soko la hisa. Tuna imani kwamba wenyehisa wataweza kufaidika kutokana na uwekezaji wao.

Mwaka huo ulikuwa muhimu pia kwa sababu ulidhihirisha ongezeko la idadi ya wateja huku zaidi ya wateja wapya 450,000 wakijiunga na benki hii na kuifanya idadi ya wateja kufikia 1,014,474 (aslimia 32 ya jumla ya akaunti za benki kwenye soko). Ninaamini kuwa huu ni ushahidi wa ukweli kwamba wateja wengi wanathamini huduma zetu na tutaendelea kujitahidi kuhakikisha kwamba tunaendelea kutoa huduma bora kwa wakati ufaao. Kulingana na ukuaji wa mtandao wa matawi yetu na idadi ya wateja, wafanyikazi wetu waliongezeka kutoka 884 mwanzoni mwa mwaka na kufikia 1394. Kutokana na kutambua jukumu linalotekelezwa na uhusiano bora na wateja katika sekta hii, miongoni mwa wengine, benki iliajiri kundi la mameneja wa uhusiano bora ambao wanatarajiwa kuimarisha uhusiano na wateja wetu mbali na kuimarisha upatikanaji wa biashara zaidi.

Katika kipindi cha mwaka huo, kama sehemu ya juhudi zetu za kutoa huduma za kisasa za kifedha kwa wateja wetu, tulianzisha baadhi ya bidhaa mpya na huduma ambazo ni pamoja na ujumbe mfupi yaani SMS na shughuli za benki kwa njia ya mtandao, huduma ya kuhamisha pesa yaani Equi-moneyline. Ni lengo letu kuhakikisha kuwa bidhaa hizi mpya na huduma zinaafikia mahitaji ya wateja wetu mbalimbali ambao wanatambua kile wanachokihitaji kutoka kwetu. Benki pia inatarajia kuimarisha bidhaa na huduma inazotoa kupitia kuendeleza utaratibu wa utafiti na uvumbuzi.

MTAJI WA UTENDAJI KAZI

Ni dhamira yetu kuendelea kuwekeza katika ustawishaji utendaji kazi wetu kama njia muhimu ya kutimiza matarajio ya wafanyikazi na wateja wetu. Hivyo basi, tunaendelea kutoa nafasi za mafunzo kwa wafanyikazi wetu kujifunza maarifa mapya na kuendeleza "Jumla ya mapato ya mbalishti shughuli shargezgin kwa ustanti 87 na kulika shikingi biliani 14ikilingapishwa na shilingi biliani 12 maana mwaka wa 2002"

taaluma zao hapa nchini na ng'ambo. Utendaji kazi wa wafanyikazi wote pia hukadiriwa kila mwaka ikiwa ni pamoja na kutambua mahitaji yao ya mafunzo na maendeleo.

Pia, kujitolea kwetu kutoa mazingira yenye ushindani ya kufanya kazi yaliendelea kuwa wajibu muhimu wa sera ya kampuni yetu. Zaidi na mshahara, wafanyikazi wanapata huduma za matibabu pamoja na kuwa wanachama wa mpango wa hazina ya malipo ya uzeeni pamoja na pia kupata marupurupu mengine inapohitajika. Benki imeanzisha mpango wa umiliki wa hisa wa wafanyikazi, Employee Share Ownership Programme (ESOP) ambapo wafanyikazi wanaweza kumiliki hisa za benki.

MATARAJIO YA HALI YA BAADAYE

Tunapoendelea mbele, tunanuia kuendelea na mipango ya upanuzi ambayo inadhamiriwa kuongeza huduma za benki kote nchini'kuimarisha maendeleo na utekelezaji wa njia zaidi na vituo vya utoaji huduma pamoja na kubuni mifumo madhubuti ya utoaji huduma za kifedha. Ili kuunga mkono mpango wa ukuaji Benki itaendelea kuwekeza katika tekinolojia ili kutimiza mahitaji mapya ya soko na kukabiliana na changamoto pamoja na kuwekeza katika uimarishaji wa uwezo wa kampuni kwa upande wa wafanyikazi ili kuweza kutoa bidhaa na huduma bora na kufanikisha shuguhuli za Benki. Isitoshe, tutajitahidi kuhakikisha tunadumisha utendakazi bora na wa hali ya juu katika shughuli zetu ili kudumisha viwango bora vya hali ya juu kwa wateja wetu.

HITIMISHO

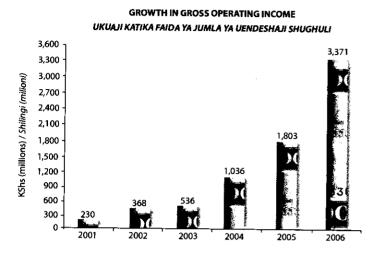
Mwaka uliopita ulikuwa mwaka wa ufanisi mkubwa kwa benki, na ninaamini ilikuwa hatua kubwa katika kutimiza ndoto yetu ya Afrika. Ningependa kuishukuru halmashauri ya wakurugenzi chini wa uongozi ya mwenyekiti, wateja wetu, wafanyikazi, washirika wa biashara, na washika dau wengine ambao walichangia ufanisi huu mkubwa. Nina imani kuwa benki yenu iko katika nafasi nzuri ya kuendelea kutenda vyema katika kile tunachoamini kitakuwa ushindani mkubwa katika soko.

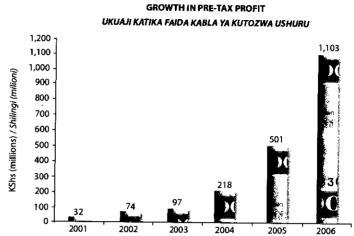
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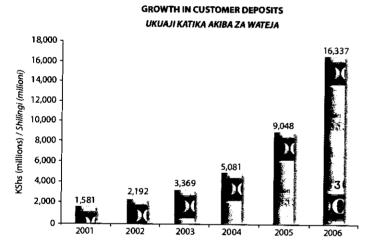
James Mwangi Afisa Mkuu Mtendaji

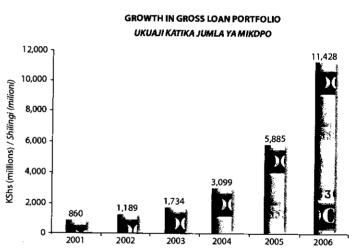


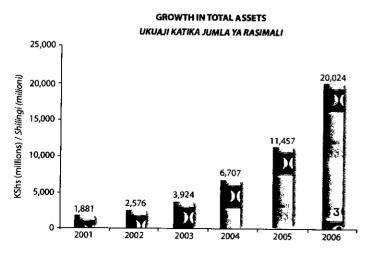
Financial Highlights





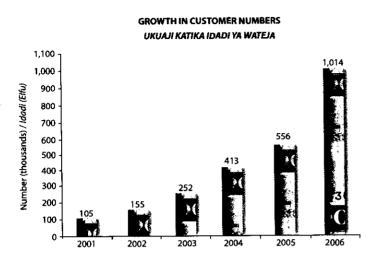


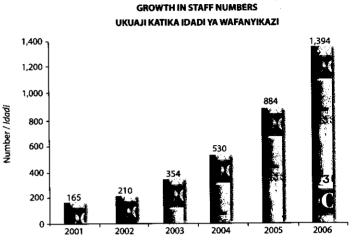


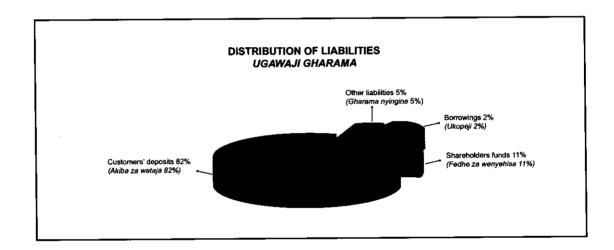


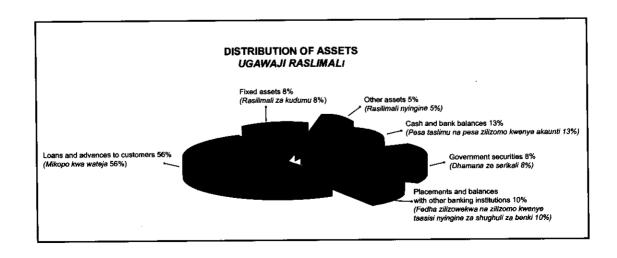






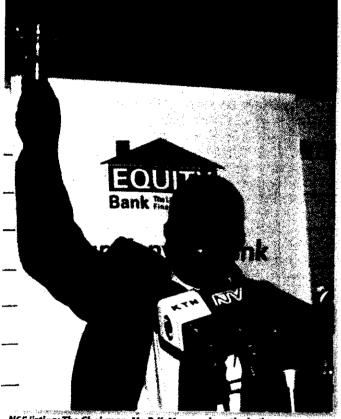




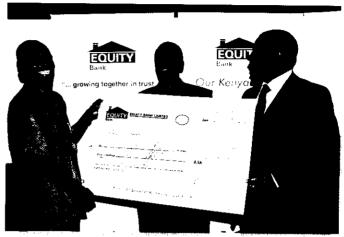




Key Achievements



NSE listing: The Chairman, Mr. P. K. Munga, rings the bell to commence the trading of Equity shares on the Nairobi Stack Exchange.



One millionth customer: The CEO (right) presents a token of KShs 100,000 to the one millionth customer. The joint account of Patrick Mutobera and Herbert Wanguba was opened at the Kisumu Branch on 19th December 2006.





Best Company in Corporate Planning Management: Head of Finance, Allan Mwangi (right) and the Chief Accountant, James Njehuri (left) receive the COYA traphy for the best company in Corporate Planning Management from Mr. James Mageria (2nd left) a director of The Kenya Institute of Management.



Key Achievements



3rd best bank in Kenya: The CEO admires the Market Intelligence Survey (MI) trophy given to Equity for being the 3rd overall best bank in Kenya.



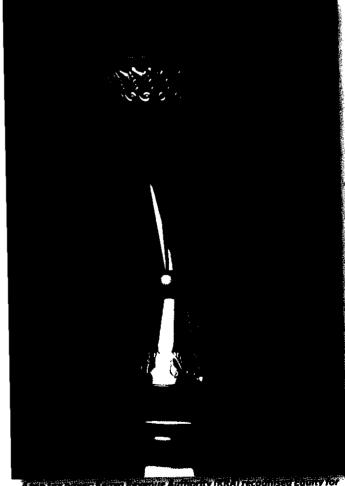
Best bank in retail banking: Winnie Imanyara, Corporate Affairs Director receives the Mi award for the best bank in Retail Banking from the Group Managing Director of Pesa Point, Bernard Matthewman.



Fastest growing bank: The Minister of Finance, Hon. Amos Kimunya presents the MI award for the fastest growing bank to the Bank's Company Secretary, Mary Wamae.



Supporting agriculture: Equity Bank has been scooping top prizes at the Agricultural Saciety of Kenya (ASK) Shaws:



Atop tax payer: Kenya Kevenue Authorny (KKA) recognised Equity for being among the top 10 tax payers in the country.



CMA-LIBRARY

Statement on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)



OUR SOCIAL ASPIRATION

The vision of our corporate social responsibility emanates from our desire to enrich the environment and community we operate in through active contribution to enrich the lives of our people and win with integrity.

As a bank, we are concious of the needs of the society in which we operate, and consequently, we endeavour to contribute to initiatives that impact on improvement of their social wellbeing.

We devote considerable resources towards managing and balancing stakeholder relationships and interests so as to add social, environmental and economic value and to produce a positive sustainable impact for the business and society. This emanates from the realization that success in business depends largely on how a company interacts with all stakeholders within the environment in which it operates.

During the year we engaged in several initiatives to fulfill our commitment to good corporate citizenship.

SUPPORTING EDUCATION

 In 2006 we continued to offer scholarships to the best male and female student in every district we operate in. The programme saw a total of 76 students who sat for their KSCE examination



Hon. Dr. Wekesa (3rd left), acting Minister for Education poses far a photograph with the beneficiaries of the 2005 University Schoiarship Pragramme during the official launch of the programme. With him are (L-R) Peter Muthathal (National Chairman Principais Assocation), James Mwangi (CEO and Managing Director, Equity Bank), Peter Munga (Chairman Board of Directors, Equity Bank), Prof. Godia (Education Secretary), and Francis Ng'ang'a (Secretary Generai KNUT).

benefit both through the payment of university fees, accommdation and living costs. In September, we launched the Pre-University Scholarship Alumni Association. The Association's main objective is to create an organ for mentorship to influence the young people in universities and colleges towards positive thinking and hard work. We believe that the alumni of this programme will be mentors when they join the job market especially in terms of work ethics.

- In addition, we continued to support the education sector by sponsoring bright but needy children who sat for their Kenya Certificate of Primary Education (KCPE) in 2006 to join various secondary schools.
- We sponsored the schools' and colleges' drama and music festivals to the tune of over KShs 6.5 million

LIGHTING THE CITY

To enhance security among the communities we serve, the Bank financed the placing of 340 street light poles in Kangemi, Jogoo Road, Thika Road, Juja Road, Outering Road, Ngong Road and Gikomba Market. The aim of this activity is to light the city and its environs so that Kenyans can go about their business without feeling insecure.

SUPPORTING AGRICULTURAL GROWTH

The Bank is committed to supporting agriculture, which is the back bone of the Kenyan economy. Equity does this through various initiatives like participating in the ASK shows and sponsoring the best crop husbandry awards scheme for farmers to encourage excellence in farming.

OTHER INITATIVES

Donations

The bank together with staff donated food stuff and personal effects to various children's homes within the country.

Financial Outreach

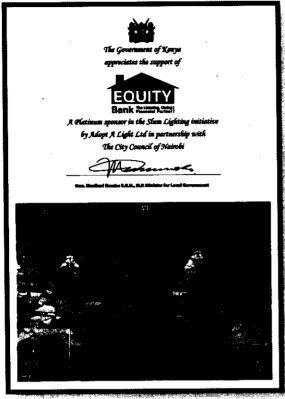
In 2006, the Bank organized Financial Literacy Days in many areas of our operation. During these literacy days, the public was educated on financial management and how to best maximize the income they have through solid investments and savings.

' Clean-Up

Our staff joined communities in various clean-up exercises in our regions of operations.



Statement on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) continued



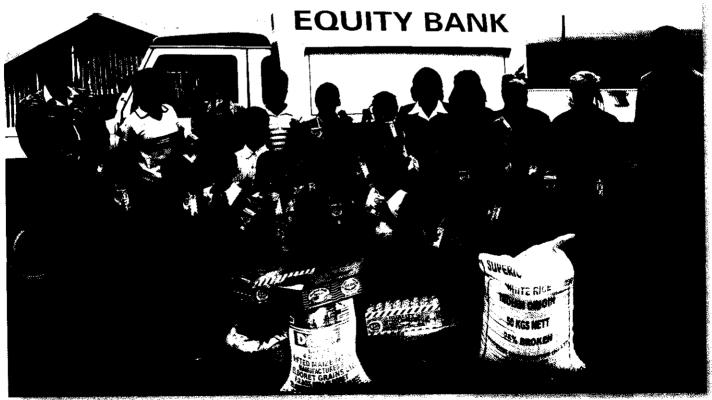
The government recognises Equity for sponsoring the slum lighting initiative.



Staff join members of the community in a clean-up exercise.



Equity supports the Society for the Phylcally Disabled Children.



Equity bank donates food stuff to o children's home.



Board of Directors



PETER MUNGA CHAIRMAN

Mr. Munga is a Certified Public Secretary with vast experience in both public and private sector management. He holds a diploma in Human Resources and Financial Management. Mr. Munga is a retired Deputy Secretary. He is the Chairman of National Oil Corporation and a director in Micro-Enterprise Support Programme Trust (MESPT), British American Insurance Company, Rockfeller Foundation and Equatorial Nut Processors.



JAMES MWANGI

CEO AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

Mr. Mwangi holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting option) degree from University of Nairobi and is a Certified Public Accountant – CPA (K). He is also a graduate of Advanced Management Programme (Strathmore-IESE Business School, Barcelona Spain). He is an experienced career banker of over 17 years and was previously with Ernst & Young and Trade Bank Limited.



BENSON WAIREGI

VICE CHAIRMAN

Mr. Wairegi holds a Master of Business Administration and Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting option) degrees from University of Nairobi and is a Certified Public Accountant – CPA (K). He is the Managing Director of British American investments Company (Kenya) Ltd. and Group Managing Director British American Group in Kenya. He is also a Director of Agricultural Finance Corporation.



JULIUS KIPNG'ETICH

Mr. Kipng'etich holds a Master of Business Administration degree and a Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting option) degree from University of Nairobi. He is the Chief Executive Officer of Kenya Wildlife Service and was previously the Managing Director of Investment Promotion Centre.



PETER GACHUBA

Mr. Gachuba holds a Master of Science degree in International Business and a Bachelor of Science degree from University of Southern New Hampshire in the USA. He is an investment Banker and is AfriCap's Partner responsible for East and South Africa.

Board of

Directors

WAGANE DIOUF

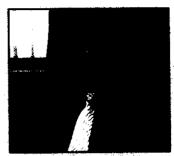
(ALTERNATE TO PETER GACHUBA)

Mr. Diouf holds a Masters of Business Administration degree from Georgia Institute of Technology (Atlanta) and Bachelor of Science degrees in Computer Science and Finance from Ecole Superleure de Gestion (Paris). He is the Managing Partner of Africap, based in Dakar Senegal.



FREDRICK MUCHOKI

Mr. Muchoki is a businessman with vast commercial experience. He is the Managing Director of Continental Business Systems and Presta Office Equipment Limited.



ERNEST NZOVU

Mr. Nzovu holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the University of Navarra, Spain and a Diploma in International Affairs from the University of Ife, Nigeria. He has for many years been a consultant in human resources and is a Director of Hawkins & Associates, Know How International Limited and KHI Training.



LINUS GITAHI

Mr. Gltahi holds a Masters of Business Administration from
The United States International University (USIU) and
Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting option) degree from
University of Nairobi. He also holds a diploma from the
Kenya Institute of Management. He is the Chief Executive
Officer of Nation Media Group and was previously the
Managing Director, GlaxoSmithKline, West Africa.



MARY WAMAE

SECRETARY TO THE BOARD AND COMPANY SECRETARY

Mrs. Warnae holds an LLB degree from the University of Nairobi, a Diploma in Law from the Kenya School of Law, a Certified Public Secretary – CPS (IQ) and has a Post Graduate Diploma in Gender and Development Studies. She is also a graduate of Advanced Management Programme (Strathmore-IESE Business School, Barcelona Spain). She is an Advocate of the High Court and has over 13 years of private practice experience.



MEANICE SABANA

Missionna holds a Masters of Business Administration from University of Leeds and a Bachelor of Education (Business Studies and Economics) degree from Kenyatta University. She has vast experience in the banking sector and is a former Chief Executive Officer of Association of Micro Finance Institutions (AMFI).

Senior

Management



James Mwangi - Managing Director & Chief
Executive Officer

James holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree (Accounting option) from University of Nairobi and is a Certified Public

Accountant CPA (K). He is also a graduate of Advanced Management

Programme (Strathmore-IESE Business School, Barcelona Spain). He has wide experience in the banking industry spanning over 17 years and was previously with Ernst & Young and Trade Bank Limited.



Gerald G. Warul - Director of Operations and Customer Service

Warul is a Certified Public Accountant (Kenya). He is also a graduate of Advanced Management

Programme (Strathmore-IESE Business School, Barcelona Spain). He has over 13 years experience in
the banking sector having previously worked with Trade Bank and Fidelity Bank.



Winnie Kathurima Imanyara - Corporate Affairs Director
Winnie holds a Bachelor of Arts degree (Administration) and a Bachelor of Science degree in Industrial
Psychology. She has over 18 years experience in management having worked with Reckit and Colman,
SmithKline Beecham, Safaricom Kenya and Kenya Petroleum Refineries.



Kariuki Nguru - Marketing Director
Kariuki holds Master of Business Administration and Bachelor of Commerce (Marketing option)
degrees from University of Nairobi. He is also a Certified Public Secretary (CPS-Kenya). He has over 20
years experience in marketing having worked for British American Tobacco in Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda,
Burundi, Tanzania and the Horn of Africa, Kenya Breweries Limited, Procter & Gamble, Dinners Club
International, Total Oil Products and Fox Theatres Ltd.



Mary W. Warnae - Company Secretary & Head of Legal Services

Mary holds a LLB degree from the University of Nairobi, a Diploma in Law from the Kenya School
of Law and is a Certified Public Secretary (Kenya). She is also a graduate of Advanced Management
Programme (Strathmore-IESE Business School, Barcelona Spain). She is an Advocate of the High Court
of Kenya and holds a Post Graduate Diploma in Gender and Development and has over 13 years of
private practice experience.



Ben Nyutho- General Manager, Regional Expansion

Ben is a qualified banker and a member of the Kenya Institute of Bankers. He previously worked for the Giant Muranga Cooperative Union and Continental Bank in senior positions.



Alian M. Waititu - Head of Operations
Alian M. Waititu - Head of Operations
Alian is a Microsoft Certified Systems Engineer, a Novell Certified Network Engineer and is also a
graduate of AMP-Strathmore, IESE Business School - Barcelona, Spain. He has over 16 years experience
in the information technology industry having previously worked for Trade Bank, Daima Bank and
Phoenix Assurance.

Senior

Management





Affair K. Monangi - House of Affair holds a Bachishor of Commence (Accounting option) issue dispute the very sind as a Public Accountant (CPA(I). He has 10 years of equalities it would not have improved productly worked with 10 as a sale. providently worked with ADM ADMS Burn, copyers Abres 74 and December 5 for



Peter L'parnoi Lengewa - Head of Human Resources and Organizational Development Peter holds a Master of Business Administration degree from University of Nairobi and a Bachelors of Arts (Economics & Business Studies) degree from Kenyatta University. He has over 12 years eag in human resource development, having previously worked for leading microfinance institut East Africa including the Swedish Cooperative Centre.



Peter G. Gachau - Hand of ST

Peter holds a Bachelor of Education (Science) degree from Kenyatta University and a Post Graduate Diploma in Computer Science. He has over 13 years experience in 17 having previously worked for African Banking Corporation Bank and ABN AMRO Bunk



Bildard Fwamba - Head of Internal Audit

Bildard holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting option) degree from Kenyatta University and is a Certified Public Accountant (Kerrya). He has over 9 years experience in audit having worked with Central Bank of Kenya and British American (K) Insurance Company.



 Major (Rtd) Marcus Mutua - Head of Security And Administration Major Mutua holds Advanced Diplomas and Certification in Security Intelligence from Israel, USA and UK. He has over 20 years experience in military intelligence and security management.



Papius Muhindi - Head of Risk Management

Papius holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting option) degree from the University of Hale has over 30 years of burishing experience having purvisually worked with Control Buris of Ren





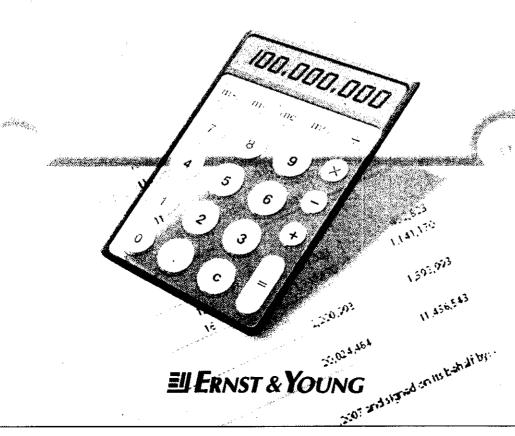


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Report and Financial Statements 31 December 2006



■ERNST & YOUNG

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Bank Information

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NAIROBI

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Mobile: +254-722 209 591,0733 602 500

Fax: +254-20-2737276 Email: info@ebsafrica.co.ke Website: www.equitybank.co.ke

LAWYERS

Walker Kontos Advocates Hakika House Bishops Road P.O. Box 60680-00200 NAIROBI

BANKERS

Central Bank of Kenya P O Box 60000 NAIROBI

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young Kenya-Re Towers, Upperhill Off Ragati Road P.O. Box 44286 - 00100 NAIROBI

SECRETARY

Mary Wangari Wamae 14th Floor, NHIF Building P.O. Box 75104-00200 NAIROBI





Report of the Directors

For the year ended 31st December 2006

The directors submit their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006, which show the state of the Bank's affairs.

1. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Bank is to offer retail banking and microfinance services.

The results for the year are set out on page 35.

3. DIVIDEND

The directors have recommended a first and final dividend for the year 2006 of Kshs 2/= per share subject to the approval of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Details hereof are contained in the Notice of Annual General Meeting contained in this report.

4. BONUS ISSUE

The directors have recommended the issue of a bonus of two shares for every one held subject to approval of the shareholders and the Capital Markets Authority. Details hereof are contained in the Notice of Annual General Meeting contained in this report.

RESERVES

The reserves of the Bank are set out on page 50, note 16 of this report.

6. DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and to the date of this report were:-

Peter Kahara Munga

- Chairman

James Njuguna Mwangi

Chief Executive/ Managing Director

Benson Irungu Wairegi

Vice-chairman

Julius Kangogo Kipng'etich **

Fredrick Mwangi Muchoki

Peter Gachuba **

Wagane Diouf *

Beatrice Makanga Sabana **

Linus Wang'ombe Gitahi ** **Ernest Mattho Nzovu**

- (Alternate to Peter Gachuba)

* Senegalese

** Retired by rotation on 21st April 2006 and were re-elected.

Wanjiku Mugane

- Ceased to be a director on 14th July 2006

Article 100 of the Articles of Association of the Bank provides for retirement of directors by rotation.

7. LISTING ON THE NAIROBI STOCK EXCHANGE

All the 90,564,550 issued shares of the Company were listed on the Main Investment Market Segment (MIMS) of the Nairobi Stock Exchange on 7th August 2006.

8. AUDITORS

Ernst & Young have expressed their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of Section 159(2) of the Kenyan Companies Act (Cap 486) and Section 24(1) of the Banking Act (Cap 488).

By Order of the Board

MARY WANGARI WAMAE Company Secretary 12th February 2007



Ripoti ya Wakurugenzi

Kwa mwaka uliomalizika tarehr 31 Disemba 2006



Wakurugenzi wanatoa ripoti yao na taarifa za kifedha zilizokaguliwa kwa mwaka uliomalizika tarehe 31 Disemba 2006, ambazo zinaonyesha hali ya shughuli za benki.

1. SHUGHULI MUHIMU

Shughuli muhimu ya Benki ni kutoa huduma kwa wateja binafsi pamoja na huduma za taasisi ndogo za kifedha.

2. MATOKEO

Matokeo ya mwaka yameangaziwa katika ukurasa wa 35.

MGAO WA FAIDA

Halmashauri imependekeza mgao wa faida wa shilingi 2 kwa kila hisa kutegemea idhini ya wenye hisa katika mkutano mkuu wa kila mwaka. Maelezo zaidi yamo kwenye Arifa ya Mkutano Mkuu katika ripoti hii.

4. HISA ZA ZIADA

Wakurugenzi wamependekeza kutolewa kwa hisa mbili za ziada kwa kila hisa moja inayomilikiwa kutegemea idhini ya wenyehisa na Halmashauri ya Masoko ya hisa. Maelezo zaidi yamo katika Arifa ya Mkutano mkuu kwenye ripoti hii.

5. HIFADHI

Hifadhi za benki zimeangaziwa katika ukurasa wa 50, kumbukumbu ya 16 ya ripoti hii.

6. WAKURUGENZI

Wakurugenzi ambao walihudumu katika kipindi cha mwaka huo na kufikia sasa walikuwa:-

Peter Kahara Munga

- Mwenyekiti

James Njuguna Mwangi

- Afisa mkuu msimamizi/Mkurugenzi mkuu

(Anayebadilishana na Peter Gachuba)

Benson Irungu Wairegi

- Naibu mwenyekiti

Julius Kangogo Kipng'etich **

Fredrick Mwangi Muchoki

Peter Gachuba **

Wagane Diouf *

Beatrice Makanga Sabana **

Linus Wang'ombe Gitahi **

Ernest Mattho Nzovu

* Raia wa Senegal

** Waliostaafu kwa zamu tarehe 21 Aprili 2006 na kuchaguliwa tena.

Wanjiku Mugane

- Alikoma kuwa mkurugenzi na tarehe 14 July 2006

Kifungu 100 cha sheria za benki kinatoa nafasi ya kustaafu kwa wakurugenzi kwa zamu.

7. KUORODHE5HWA KATIKA SOKO LA HISA LA NAIROBI

Hisa zote 90,564,550 za Kampuni ziliorodheshwa katika soko kuu la uwekezaji hisa (MIMS) la soko la Nairobi tarehe 7 mwezi Agosti 2006.

8. WAKAGUZI WA HESABU ZA FEDHA

Ernst & Young wameelezea nia yao ya kuendelea Kuhudumu kuambatana na kifungu cha sheria nambari 159 (2) ya sheria za makampuni za Kenya (Cap 486) and kifungu 24(1) cha sheria za benki (Cap 488).

Kwa amri ya Halmashauri

MARY WANGARI WAMAE Katibu wa Kampuni 12 Februari 2007



Salantin on Corporate Governance

For the Year ended 3 to Divient at 2005

1. LISTING ON THE NAIROBI STOCK EXCHANGE

7th August 2006 was a memorable day for the shareholders and other stakeholders of the Bank. Equity became the first microfinance institution in Africa to List on the Stock Exchange. The primary reason for listing was to offer the shareholders and the Bank the benefits of the stock market, liquidity and price discovery. It also afforded all Kenyans an opportunity to share in the success of the Bank. The listing on the Stock Exchange also gave the Bank an opportunity to enhance the governance structures, corporate image and disclosure standards.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The role of the Board of Directors is to foster Long Term Business of the Bank consistent with fiduciary responsibilities to shareholders, customers and other stakeholders.

The Board of Directors of Equity Bank are committed to conduct the affairs of the Bank with openness, integrity and accountability and in accordance to the highest standards of governance practices. The Board consists of nine directors, eight of whom are non-executive and who have a good mix of skills, experience and competencies in various relevant fields of expertise. The selection of directors is on the basis of the skills and expertise and not on shareholding. During the year the Board held six meetings. Details of directors' attendance at meetings are as follows:

Name of Director	Number of Meetings Attended		
Peter Kahara Munga	6		
James Njuguna Mwangi	6		
Benson Irungu Wairegi	6		
Fredrick Mwangi Muchoki	6		
Julius Kangogo Kipng'etich	6		
Peter Gachuba	5		
Linus Wang'ombe Gitahi	3		
Ernest Mattho Nzovu	6		
Beatrice Makanga Sabana	3		

The Board has constituted seven Committees i.e. Audit, Risk Management, Credit, Systems and Processes, Strategy and Investment, Governance, Board Nomination and Staff Remuneration, and Tendering and Procurement.

Each of the committees is governed by a charter that sets out its mandate, functions and composition among other things. The committees provide overall strategic direction, review performance, take material policy decisions and ensure that the Bank meets its responsibilities to its shareholders and other stakeholders and that the control environment adequately protects the company assets against major risks. Though the day to day running of the bank is delegated to management, the Board retains overall responsibility.

Each of the directors has subscribed to a Code of Corporate Practices which sets out the duties and responsibilities of the directors. The Code provides for the evaluation of board members' performance. A systematic board self evaluation process is being developed for commencement in the current year, in keeping with the highest international standards. The Board of Equity Bank passed a resoultion barring non-executive directors from obtaining loans, guarantees and other credit facilities from the Bank. On 10th August 2005 the shareholders of the bank passed a resolution amending the Articles of Association of the Company that barred directors from trading with the Bank during their tenure in office.



Statement on Corporate Governance continued

For the year ended 31st December 2006



2. High Global and Local Ratings

In 2005 the Bank was rated by Microrate of United States of America and awarded an α - (alpha minus) rating indicating good efficiency and effectiveness, good governance and strategic positioning. The credit portfolio was in the same year rated by Global Credit Rating of South Africa and awarded a short term A1- and long term A. The interpretation of this was that in the short term, there was high certainty of timely repayment with liquidity factors that are strong and supported by good fundamental protection factors, while risk factors were small. Over the long term, credit quality was assessed high with good protection factors.

In 2006, Market Intelligence Banking Survey awarded the Bank the following:

- 3rd Best Overall Bank in Kenya
- Best in Retail Banking in Kenya
- Fastest Growing Bank in Kenya

4. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Bank reviews its policies, processes and procedures on a continuing basis, with a view to ensuring the best performance of the Board and overall management of the business. The Internal Audit Department, reporting to the Audit Committee of the Board, ensures that adequate internal controls are in place and that they are strictly adhered to.

In line with the New Capital Accord (Basel II) which is expected to be enforced in the near future, the Bank has established a comprehensive framework for risk management. The Bank's business units have identified a range of possible risks which have been mapped indicating risk drivers, frequency, impact, risk levels, trends, risk owners and the respective mitigating strategies. The Risk Management Department ensures compliance with the Bank's risk limits. All risks associated with banking institutions and those that are specific to Equity Bank, are actively managed by the respective business units and monitored by the Risk Management Department. The Bank's risk limits are assessed regularly to ensure the appropriateness in line with the Bank's objectives, strategies and current market conditions. The Head of Risk Management reports to the Board's Risk Management Committee. In 2006 the Bank undertook Application of Business Process Re-engineering (ABPR) to enhance and align the Processes and Procedures with the New Core Banking Software.

5. PERFORMANCE REPORTING & COMPLIANCE

In accordance with the Banking Act and the CBK Prudential Guidelines, the Bank is committed to ensuring that shareholders and other stakeholders are provided with full and timely information about its performance. The performance of the Bank is regularly reported to the Board. Financial statements are prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimate in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act. The Bank also complies with reporting requirements under the Capital Markets Authority Act and other relevant rules and regulations.

6. ETHICS AND VALUES

In keeping with the Bank's code of ethics, all employees are expected to avoid activities and financial interests, which could conflict with their responsibilities to the company. The welfare of staff and clients is an essential principle of the Bank, which strives to provide all employees and clients with safe working conditions and/or environment. The Bank maintains a policy of equal opportunity of employment for all qualified persons and strives to provide all employees with fair terms of employment.

It is part of the overall mission of Equity Bank to set standards in the financial sector in which we operate. We want to make a difference not only in terms of the target groups we serve and the quality of the financial services we provide, but also with regard to business ethics. Our strong corporate values play a key role in this respect.



The second

Seven essential principles have been defined which guide the operations of our Bank:

- Professionalism: Attitude appropriate to the professional conduct expected of bankers.
- Integrity: Adherence to moral and ethical principles.
- Creativity and Innovation: Originality of thought, expression and productivity.
- Team Work: Coordinated efforts by a group of persons for a common objective.
- Unity of Purpose: Coming together from diverse backgrounds for a common goal.
- Respect and Dedication to Customer Delight: Committed to offer world class quality service to our customers.
- Effective Corporate Governance: Good leadership and management of the Bank in full compliance with internal policies and procedures, rules and regulations.

7. DISTINGUISHED TAX PAYER

In compliance with applicable tax laws and regulations and pursuant to its standing as a good corporate citizen, the Bank continued to honour its obligations to remit taxes as per the law.

The Bank was awarded a certificate of a distinguished tax payer by H.E. President Mwai Kibaki.

8. DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS AND NETWORK ASSOCIATIONS

Over the years, Equity Bank has established partnerships with various organizations and network associations in its quest for highest standards of corporate governance and accountability. The following are some of the institutions that Equity Bank has had close collaboration:

- Department for International Development (DFID) through Financial Services Deepening Fund (FSD)
- Microsave
- Swiss Foundation for Technical Collaboration (SwissContact)
- AfriCap Microfinance Fund
- Consultative Group to Assist the Poor (CGAP)

Equity Bank recognizes and acknowledges their immense contribution in areas among others; Credit Policies and Methodologies Review, Institutional and Organizational Development, Market Research, Branding and Product Development, Refinement and Costing. The Bank, through the Development Partners has also benefited in capacity building through trainings in Total Quality Management, Change and Risk Management, Systems, Process Mapping, Procedures and Policy Manuals.

Equity is also a member of the following network associations:

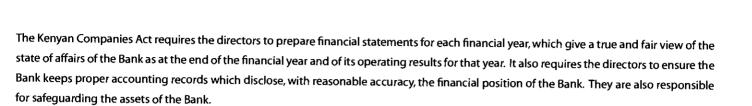
- Association of Micro Finance Institutions (AMFI)
- Kenya Bankers Association (KBA)
- Africa Rural Agricultural Credit Association (AFRACA)
- Women's World Banking (WWB)
- Global Network for Banking Innovation (GNBI)
- Microfinance Network (MFN)





Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

For the year ended 31st December 2006



The directors accept responsibility for the annual financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Kenyan Companies Act. The directors are of the opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the financial affairs of the Bank and of its operating results. The directors further accept responsibility for the maintenance of accounting records which may be relied upon in the preparation of financial statements, as well as adequate systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of the directors to indicate that the Bank will not remain a going concern for at least twelve months from the date of this statement.

Director

Director

12th February 2007



Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Equity Bank Ltd.

For the year ended 31st December 2006

We have audited the financial statements on pages 34 to 57 for the year ended 31 December 2006, and have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit. The financial statements are in agreement with the books of account.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

As stated on page 32, the directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Bank and of its operating results. Our responsibility is to express an independent opinion on the financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Bank, and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the financial affairs of the Bank at 31 December 2006 and its profit and cash flows for the year then ended and comply with International Financial Reporting Standards and the Kenyan Companies Act.

■ ERNST & YOUNG

Nairobi

12th February 2007



Balance Sheet

As at 31st December 2006

ASSETS	Note	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000	
Cash and bank balances				
	3	2,690,856	1,305,979	
Government securities	4	1,650,653	1,254,415	
Placements and balances with other banking institutions	5	2,022,784	2,094,320	
Loans and advances to customers	6	10,929,581	5,524,360	
Property, equipment and leasehold land	7	1,469,462	1,045,222	
Investment property	8	11,269	11,269	
Intangible assets	9	161,153	89,477	
Other assets	10	1,088,726	126,910	
Deferred tax	11	-	4,591	
TOTAL ASSETS		20,024,484	11,456,543	
LIABILITIES				
Customers' deposits	12	16,336,729	9,047,765	
Other liabilities	13	843,364	646,556	
Tax payable	11	147,031	168,229	
Borrowings	14	485,450	-	
Deferred tax	11	10,917	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		17,823,491	9,862,550	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		*		
Share capital	15	452,823	452,823	
Reserves	16	1,748,170	1,141,170	
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		2,200,993	1,593,993	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		20,024,484	11,456,543	

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12th February 2007 and signed on its behalf by:-

Director

Director

Secretary

Income Statement

For the year ended 31st December 2006

	Note	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000		
ICOME					
iterest income	17	1,634,486	947,830		
nterest expense	18	(126,647)	(82,327)		
		1,507,839	865,503		
let interest income	19	1,863,585	937,237		
Commission and other income		3,371,424	1,802,740		
EXPENSES					
Management expenses Depreciation and amortization Provision for bad and doubtful debts	20 21 6(d)	1,855,542 279,875 133,134	1,040,274 137,658 124,276		
Provision for bad and doubtral des s		2,268,551	1,302,208		
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	. 22	1,102,873	500,532		
TAXATION	11	(349,507)	(155,934)		
		753,366	344,598		
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION DILUTED AND BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE	23	KShs 8.32	KShs 3.80		



Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31st December 2006

Year ended 31 December 2005	Share capital KShs'000	Share premium KShs'000	Capital reserve KShs'000	Revenue reserves KShs'000	Other reserves KShs'000	Proposec dividenc KShs'000	Tota
At 1 January 2005 Armortisation of grant funds Profit for the year	90,565 - -	842,620	50,694 (50,694)	299,075 50,694	(11,699) -	-	1,271,255 -
Capitalisation of share premium Revaluation of treasury bonds	362,258	(362,258)	-	3 44,598 -	-	-	344,598 -
Proposed dividends	_	-	-	- (181,129)	(21,860) -	- 181,129	(21,860)
At 31 December 2005 Year ended 31 December 2006	452,823	480,362		513,238	(33,559)	181,129	1,593,993
At 1 January 2006 Profit for the year Revaluation of treasury bonds Dividends:	452,823 - -	480,362 - -	- - -	513,238 753,366	(33,559) - 34,763	181,129 - -	1,593,993 753,366 34,763
roposed for 2006	<u>-</u>	-	-	- (181,129)	<u>-</u>	(181,129) 181,129	(181,129) -
At 31 December 2006	452,823	480,362	-	1,085,475	1,204	181,129	2,200,993



Cashflew Statement

For the year ended 31st December 2006

	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net profit before taxation	1,102,873	500,532
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	241,736	112,705
Amortisation of leasehold land	47	47
Amortisation of intangible assets	37,573	24,906
Profit on disposal of village cell banking vans	(2,100)	(1,213)
Write off of computer software	-	9,305
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,380,129	646,282
Other assets	(1,551,880)	(317,653)
Loans and advances to customers	(5,405,221)	(2,650,662)
Customers' deposits	7,288,965	3,966,309
Other liabilities	202,302	312,384
Cash generated from operations	1,914,295	1,956,660
Income taxes paid	(355,197)	(12,833)
Net cash from operating activities	1,559,098	1,943,827
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment	(667,273)	(747,142)
Purchase of intangible assets	(109,249)	(115,285)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	2,100	2,650
Sale of treasury bills and bonds	(306,946)	(174,999)
Placements with other banking institutions	71,536	(180,242)
Net cash flow from investing activities	(1,009,832)	(1,215,018)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from long-term borrowing	485,450	-
Dividend paid	(181,129)	-
Net cash flow from financing activities	304,321	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	853,587	728,809
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1,518,487	789,678
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR (Note 24)	2,372,074	1,518,487



Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st December 2006



Equity Bank Limited provides retail banking and microfinance services in various parts of the country. The Bank has a total branch network of 42 branches and employs 1,394 people.

The Bank is incorporated in Kenya under the Kenyan Companies Act. The address of its registered office is as follows:

14th Floor, NHIF Building P.O. Box 75104-00200 NAIROBI

The shares of the Bank are listed at the Nairobi Stock Exchange.

These financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 12th February 2007.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Equity Bank Limited have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS.)

The financial statements of the Bank have been presented in the functional currency, Kenya Shillings (KShs) and rounded to the nearest thousand and prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting, except for the measurement at fair value of derivative financial instruments and available for sale financial assets.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies. Although these estimates are based on the directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from these estimates.

b) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service awards are recognized when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service awards as a result of services rendered by the employees up to the balance sheet date.



Statements comme

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c) Income recognition

- Interest income and expense
 Interest income and expense are recognized in the income statement for all interest bearing instruments on an accrual basis taking into account the effective yield on the asset.
- Fees and commission income
 Fees and commission income is generally recognized on an accrual basis.

d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with less than 90 days maturity from the date of acquisition including cash balances on hand amounts due from other banks.

e) Property, equipment, leases and depreciation.

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis, at annual rates estimated to write off carrying values of the assets over their estimated useful lives.

The annual rates of depreciation in use are:-

Freehold land	Nil
Buildings	2.5%
Motor vehicles	25%
Office equipment, furniture and fittings	12.5%
Computer equipment	33.3%
ATM machines, core banking software and hardware	20%
Village cell banking vans	25%

Property and equipment are periodically reviewed for impairment. When the carrying amount of the asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount.

Leasehold improvements are written off over their estimated useful life or the lease period, whichever is less.

f) Computer software development costs

Costs associated with maintaining computer software programmes are recognized as an expense as incurred. However, expenditure that enhances or extends the benefits of computer software programmes beyond their original specifications and lives is recognized as a capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software. Computer software development costs recognized as assets are amortized using the straight-line method over a period of five years.



For the year ended 31st December 2006



2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

g) Employment benefits

Pension obligations

The Bank contributes to a defined contribution pension scheme for its management staff. The assets of the scheme are held in a separate trustee administered fund that is funded by both the Bank and employees.

Statutory pension obligations

The Bank also contributes to a statutory defined contribution pension scheme, the National Social Security Fund (NSSF). Contributions are defined by local statute and are currently limited to KShs 200 per employee per month.

The Bank's contributions to the above schemes are charged to the income statement in the year to which they relate.

h) Originating loans and provisions for loan impairment

Loans originated by the Bank by providing money directly to the borrower are categorized as loans originated by the Bank and are carried at amortized cost. All loans and advances are recognized when cash is advanced to borrowers.

Specific provision is made against loans and advances considered to be doubtful of recovery. The amount of provisions is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the present value of expected future cash flows including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted at the effective interest rate of loans.

A general provision is maintained based on an evaluation of the portfolio of loans and advances in respect of losses, which, although not specifically identified, are known from experience to be present in any such portfolio. This provision is based on the directors' assessment of the risk of non–recovery known to be present in the portfolio of the Bank advances viz-a- viz the CBK prudential guidlines.

Where a loan or an advance is deemed irrecoverable, it is written off against the related provision for impairments. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to the income statement in the year of recovery.

Loans and advances are stated after deduction of specific and general provisions.

i) Taxation

Current taxation is provided for on the basis of the results for the year as shown in the financial statements, adjusted in accordance with the tax legislation.

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method, for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and the unused tax credits can be utilized.

j) Guarantees, acceptances and letters of credit

Guarantees, acceptances and letters of credit are accounted for as off-balance sheet transactions and disclosed as contingent



For the year ended 31st December 2006

liabilities.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.

Investments k)

Trading securities i)

Trading securities are securities which were either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price or dealer's margin, or are securities included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit taking exists. Trading securities are initially recognised at cost (which includes transaction costs) and subsequently re-measured at fair value based on quoted bid prices. All related realised and unrealised gains and losses are included in the income statement. Interest earned whilst holding trading securities is reported as interest income.

Held to maturity investments ii)

Investment securities with fixed maturity, where management has both the intent and the ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity, and are carried at amortised costs using the effective yield method, less any provision for impairment.

Available for sale investments iii)

Investment securities intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity, or changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices are classified as available for sale and are initially recognised at cost. Available for sale investments are subsequently re-measured at fair value, based on quoted bid prices or amount derived from cash flow models. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of securities classified as available for sale are recognised directly in equity until the asset is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in equity shall be recognised in the income statement.

Foreign currencies I)

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies have been translated at rates approximating the mean rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions during the year are converted at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Gains and losses on conversion and translation are either included in the income statement or, where appropriate, recharged to the relevant third party.

Dividends m)

Dividends on ordinary shares are charged to equity in the year in which they are declared. Proposed dividends are shown as a separate component of equity until declared.

Borrowing costs n)

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred.

Impairment of assets O)

> The Bank assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If such indication exists, the Bank makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.



For the year ended 31st December 2006



2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

p) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
	2006 KShs'000	200S KShs'000
Cash in hand	1	
Cash reserve ratio	1,545,393	489,074
Bank balances	900,531	506,438
	244,932	310,467
	2,690,856	1,305,979

The cash reserve ratio is non interest bearing and is based on the value of customer deposits as adjusted in accordance with Central Bank of Kenya requirements. As at 31 December 2006, the cash reserve ratio requirements was 6% (2005: 6%) of customer deposits. The funds are not available to finance the Bank's day to day operations.

GOVE	ERNMENT SECURITIES		
		2006 KShs'000	200: KShs'006
(i)	Treasury bills - held to maturity	607,149	372,974
	Treasury bonds Available for sale		
	Comprising:	1,043,504	881,44
r	Maturing within 91 days of the date of acquisition Maturing after 91days of the date of acquisition Appreciation / (impairment)	581,750 1,067,699 1,204	522,974 765,000 (33,559
		1,650,653	1,254,415

The weighted average effective interest rate on the Government Securities as at 31 December 2006 was 7.1% (2005: 8.3%)

PLACEMENTS AND BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKING INSTITUTIONS		
	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
Balances with banking institutions in Kenya Balances with banking institutions outside Kenya Term deposits with banking institutions in Kenya	1,126,000 382,570 514,214	406,904 48,507 1,638,909
	2,022,784	2,094,320



For the year ended 31st December 2006

LOAN	IS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
a)	Loans and advances (gross)	9,674,042	5,354,686
	Commercial loans	1,577,889	530,600
	Overdrafts	176,742	-
	Bills discounted		
		11,428,673	5,885,286
	Less:	(499,092)	(360,926)
	Provisions for Impairment		
	Net loans and advances	10,929,581	5,524,360
		567,782	519,377
b)	Non -performing loans and advances	(154,661)	(219,068)
	Provision for impairment losses		
		413,121	300,309
c)	Maturity analysis: - Maturing within 30 days	2,290,701 2,229,818	530,600 728,865
	Maturing after 30 days but before 3 months	4,190,343	2,293,452
	Maturing after 3 months but before 1 year	2,580,580	2,332,369
	Maturing after 1 year but before 5 years	137,231	-
	Maturing after 5 years		
		11,428,673	5,885,286
<u>.</u>			
d)		360,926	225,758
	8alance held as at 1 January	66,862	104,273
	Specific provisions made during the year	102,273	65,294
	Interest suspended during the year	66,272	20,003
	General provisions made during the year Write-off during the year	(97,241)	(54,402
	Wille-Oil during and /	499,092	360,926

The Bank uses a grading system that classifies advances into grades 1 to 5 and recognizes grades 3,4 and 5 as non-performing, in compliance with the Central Bank of Kenya guidelines.

Loans and advances have been written down to their recoverable amount. Non-performing loans and advances on which provision for impairment have been recognized amount to KShs 567,782 (2005: - KShs 519,377). These are included in the balance sheet net of provision at KShs 413,121 (2005:- KShs 300,309). In the opinion of the directors, sufficient securities are held to cover the exposure on such loans and advances. Interest income amounting to KShs 102,273 (2005:- KShs 65,294) on impaired loans and advances has not been recognized in the income statement since, in the opinion of the directors, no economic benefit on such interest will flow to the Bank.



For the year ended 31st December 2006



e) Concentration

Economic sector risk concentration within the loans and advances portfolio were as follows:

	portiono were as follows:	
	2006 KShs'000	200 <u>:</u> KShs'00(
Agriculture		
Consumer	499,271	206,430
Micro Enterprise	2,098,183	1,528,542
SME's	2,476,035	510,635
Corporate	2,335,462	529,522
	4,019,722	3,110,157
	11,428,673	5,885,286

The weighted average effective interest rate on loans and advances to customers at 31 December 2006 was 16.6% (2005: 15.4%).



For the year ended 31st December 2006

æ	Property and equipment - 2006	906			Office				
	Œ.	<u>ک</u>	Leasehold improvements KChc'000	Motor Vehicles KShs'000	Equipment, furniture & fittings KShs'000	Work- in- progress KShs'000	Computers KShs'000	Village cell banking vans KShs'000	Total KShs′000
	COST At 1 January 2006 Additions	KShs'000 40,340	256,274	55,304 2,280	322,188 130,682	402,446 - (402,446)	265,235 295,835	20,362	1,362,149 685,871 (402,446) 383,848
	Transfer from work-in-progress Capitalisation of work-in-progress	gress progress	, '	(6,624)	(09)	, 1	(2,589)	-	(9,273)
	Disposals At 31 December 2006	40,340	503,095	50,960	452,810	1	942,329	30,615	2,020,149
	DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2006	5,488	3 44,064 6 34,148	.,	95,559	, ,	. 135,119 . 147,858 . (1,399)) 14,429 3 5,983	321,135 241,736 (8,023)
1	Charge for the year Release on disposal				138.716		281,578	8 20,412	554,848
ļ	At 31 December 2006	6,424	78,212	29,506					1,465,301
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2006	33,916	16 424,883	83 21,454	314,094	4	- 660,751	51 10,203	



PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD LAND

For the year ended 31st December 2006

PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD LAND (continued)

i) Property and equipment (continued) - 2005

cell nns Total 00 KShs'000	0 7	. 1	211,110		321,135		1,041,014
Village cell banking vans KShs'000	24,479	20362	10,989	6,120 (2,680)	14,429		5,933
Computers KShs′000	76,305	265,235	87,134	47,985	135,119	130,116	
Work- in- Progress KShs′000	402,446	402,446	,		•	402,446	
Office Equipment, furniture & fittings KShs'000	101,139	322,188	63,740	.	95,559	226,629	
2 2	10,596	55,304	17,447 9,029	•	26,476	28,828	
Leasehold improvements KShs′000	156,656	256,274	27,248 16,816		44,064	212,210	
Freehold land & buildings KShs'000 40,340		40,340	4,552 936	5.488		34,852	
COST At 1 January 2005 Additions	Disposals At 31 December 2005	DEPRECIATION	At 1 January 2005 Charge for the year Release on disposal	At 31 December 2005	NET BOOK VALUE	At 31 December 2005	

For the year ended 31s. December 2006

PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT AND LEASE HOLD LAND (Continued) 7.

Amounts paid on acquisition of leasehold land are classified under prepaid operating lease rentals and carried at cost less amortization over the lease period. The movement in prepaid operating lease rentals during the year was as follows:

2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
4,588	4,588
	
380	333
47	47
427	380
4,161	4,208
}	
1,465,301	1,041,01
4,161	4,20
1,469,462	1,045,22
11,269	11,26

This relates to land bought by Equity Building Society, before the society's assets were taken over by the Bank, for resale to its members. In the view of the directors, if this property is sold in the open market, it would fetch at least the amount shown in the balance sheet.

	Datatice street.		
9.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
	COST At 1 January Additions Transfer from work- in -progress	127,084 90,651 18,598	25,063 115,285 - (13,264)
	Write off	236,333	127,084
	At 31 December		
	AMORTISATION At 1 January Charge for the year	37,607 37,573 -	16,660 24,906 (3,959)
	Eliminated on write off	75,180	37,607
	At 31 December		
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December	161,153	89,477

The intangible assets are in respect to computer application software.



For the year ended 31st December 2006

	2006 KShs'000	200: KShs′00(
Interest receivable on placements	1	
Interest receivable on treasury bonds	8,103	47,98
Funds in clearing	30,549	13,04
Other receivables and prepayments	805,868	13,04,
	244,206	65,882
	1,088,726	126,910
. TAXATION		120,910
Balance Sheet:-		
Tax payable:	1 1	
Balance brought forward	}	
Charge for the year	168,229	
Payments during the year	333,999	11,994
ing the year	(355,197)	169,068
	(333,197)	(12,833)
Income Statement:-	147,031	168,229
Charge for the year		
Deferred tax charge		
Belefied tax charge	333,999	169,068
	15,508	(13,134)
D	349,507	155,934
Reconciliation of taxation expense based on accounting profit:-		100/00 1
Accounting profit before taxation		
	1,102,873	500,532
Tax applicable rate of 30% (2005 - 30%)		-,,,,,
Tax effects on items not deducted for the	330,861	150,160
Originating and reversing temporary differences	3,138	18,908
	15,508	(13,134)
	349,507	155,934

Deferred income tax is calculated in full, on all temporary timing differences under the liability method using a principal tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%). Movement in deferred tax account is as follows:

======================================		
At 1 January	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
Charge /(credit) to income statement At 31 December	(4,591) 15,508	8,543 (13,134
The net deferred tax asset is attributable to the following:	10,917	(4,591
Excess of depreciation over tax allowances Other timing differences	41,357 (30,440)	15,327 (19,918
	10,917	(4,591



For the year ended 31st December 2006

12.	CUSTOMERS' DEPOSITS	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
	Savings deposits Current deposits Fixed deposits	11,676,476 2,778,949 1,850,840 30,464	7,018,195 823,837 1,161,251 44,482
	Interest payable	16,336,729	9,047,765

The weighted average effective interest rate on interest bearing customer deposits as at 31 December 2006 was 1% (2005 1.2%).

	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
Analysis of customer deposits by maturity: Payable within 90 days Payable after 90 days and within one year	516,971 1,064,322 14,755,436	1,579,401 306,800 7,161,564
Payable after one year	16,336,729	9,047,765
Concentration The economic sector concentration within the customer deposits portfolio was as follows: Private enterprises Not for profit and individuals Deposits in foreign currency	2,359,566 13,890,294 86,869	1,851,081 7,196,684
Deposits in rology	16,336,729	9,047,765
. OTHER LIABILITIES Unearned income	119,507 723,973	335,005 311,551
Other creditors and accruals	843,480	646,550
4. BORROWINGS	485,450	

During the year, the Bank obtained a medium term loan of US\$ 7,000,000 from Dexia Micro-Credit Fund, a company incorporated in Luxembourg. The loan, which is secured by directors' guarantee, accrues interest at the rate of 8% p.a. and will mature on 11th December 2009. The effective interest rate is 9.2% p.a.





For the year ended 31st December 2006

	7	
	2000 KSh-4004) 20
Authorised: 100,000,000 ordinary shares of KShs 5 each	KShs'000	KShs'0
Issued and fully paid:	500,000	500,00
90,564,550 ordinary shares of K5hs 5 each	ĺ	i
16. RESERVES	452,823	452,82
Share premium		
Accumulated profits	400 5 7	1
Other reserves	480,362	480,362
Proposed dividends	1,085,475	513,238
	1,204	(33,559
	181,129	181,129
Other reserves relates to appreciation in value of treasury bonds.	1,748,170	1,141,170
17 Appreciation in value of treasury bonds.		
17. INTEREST INCOME		
Loans and advances		1
Government Securities	1.453.55	1
Placements	1,453,666	692,600
	103,075	76,581
	95,745	178,649
8. INTEREST EXPENSE	1,634,486	947,830
Savings accounts		
Fixed deposit accounts		
deposit accounts	48,182	68,510
	78,465	13,817
	126,647	
COMMISSION AND OTHER INCOME	120,047	82,327
Commission income	1	
Gain on disposal of village cell banking vans	1 1	
Other income	1,751,046	895,230
	2,100	-
	110,439	42,007
MANAGEMENT EXPENSES	1,863,585	937,237
Salaries and staff expenses		
Establishment expenses	958,653	534 -:
Other administrative expenses	428,286	531,505
	468,603	172,943
	,00,003	338,826
	1,855,542	1,040,274



For the year ended 31st December 2006

DEPRECIATION AND ARMOTISATION	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
Depreciation	242,255 37,620	112,705 24,953
Amortisation	279,875	137,658
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION The profit before tax is stated after charging:-	958,653	531,505 112,705
The profit before tax is stated after charging:- Staff costs (note 26) Depreciation of property and equipment	958,653 242,255 37,573	531,505 112,705 24,906
Amortisation of intangible assets Amortisation of prepaid lease Auditors' remuneration	1,800 - 10,602	1,200 9,305 6,590
Write off of computer software Contribution to Deposit Protection Fund Operating lease rentals Directors' emoluments - As executives	99,445 25,200 15,695	63,722 22,500 11,954
- As directors Pension scheme contributions:- Defined contribution pension scheme	9,168 2,682	5,50 1,60

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share is calculated on the profit after tax for the year of KShs 753,366 (2005: KShs 344,598) and on the number of ordinary shares in issue at the respective balance sheet date of 90,564,550 (2005: 90,564,550). There were no potentially dilutive shares outstanding at the respective balance sheet dates. Diluted earnings per share is therefore the same as basic earnings per share.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following balance sheet amounts:

	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
Cash in hand Bank balances	1,545,392 244,932 581,750	489,074 506,438 522,975
Bank balances Government securities- maturing within three months	2,372,074	1,518,48



For the year ended 31st December 2006



25. FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Board of directors has set limits on foreign currency positions. The foreign currency positions are monitored on a daily basis and hedging strategies used to ensure that positions are maintained within the established limits. The amounts below summarize the foreign currency exposure position as at 31 December 2006.

December 2006.	a minus. The amounts below sun	nmarize the fore
Assets in foreign currency	2006 K5hs'000	2005
Balance sheet items	1	KShs'000
Off balance sheet items	1 1	
	658,944 547,082	235,684 228,856
Liabilities in foreign currency	1,206,026	464,540
Balance sheet items	} }	
Off balance sheet items	} }	
	539,819 590,220	231,521 155,542
Net foreign currency exposure as at 31 December	1,130,039	387,063
6. STAFF COSTS	75,987	77,477
5alaries Pension contributions		
Other staff costs	865,116	407.245
	11,850 81,687	487,213 7,103 37,189
The number of staff employed by the Bank at year end was 1.394 (2005) 884)	958,653	531,505

The number of staff employed by the Bank at year end was 1,394 (2005: 884).

RETIREMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS

Equity Pension Scheme a)

The Bank operates a defined contribution pension scheme for its management staff. The scheme is independently managed by British American Insurance Company Limited.

National Social Security Fund (NSSF) b)

This is a statutory defined contribution pension scheme in which both the employer and employees contribute equal

The amounts recognized in the income statement for the year are as follows:

real in the income statement for the year	r are as follows:	
Pension scheme	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
National Social Security Fund Current contribution costs	9,168 2,682	5,503 1,601
	11,850	7,104



For the year ended 31st December 2006



Included in loans and advances are amounts advanced to certain directors and companies in which directors are involved, either as shareholders or directors.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

a)

Outstanding loans and advances to related parties as at 31 December included:		
	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
Employees	242,618 183,633	182,596 196,988
Shareholders	426,251	379,584

The total amount of loans and advances granted was in the ordinary course of business and were advanced on commercial terms and at market rates. The loans are performing and no provision for bad debts has been recognized in respect of these loans.

Purchase of goods and services b)

The 8ank procured insurance services and Automated Teller Machine (ATM) cards personalization services amounting to KShs 37,171,000 from other companies related through common directorship, shareholding and employment. The purchase of goods and services were made at terms and conditions similar to those competitively offered to other major suppliers and properly sanctioned by the board.

·) [Directors emoluments	2006 KShs'000	2005 KShs'000
	Directors' emoluments	15,695	11,954 22, 50 0
	As directors	25,200	
	As executives	40,895	34,45
	and compensation		
d)	Key executive management personnel compensation	131,552	86,60
	Salaries and short-term employee benefits	18,700	
	Post employment benefits	150,252	86,6



For the year ended 31st December 2006

29. INTEREST RATE RISK

Structural interest rate risk arises when assets and liabilities in the Bank activities have different maturity profiles or repricing dates. The primary source of interest rate risk originating in other banking activities arises from the employment of non-interest bearing liabilities such as shareholders' funds and some current financial instruments. When assets reprice more or in greater proportion than liabilities during a given year, a positive interest rate sensitivity gap results and this tends to benefit net interest income in a rising interest rate environment. Conversely, when liabilities reprice more or in greater proportion than assets during a given year, a negative interest rate sensitivity gap results and this tends to benefit net interest income in a declining interest rate scenario. The Bank monitors net interest income and market value effects of interest rate positions and in different interest rate scenarios with a view to limiting potential adverse effects on net interest income. The table below shows interest rate sensitivity gap for the Bank at 31 December 2006 based on the earlier of maturity or repricing dates. This is not necessarily indicative of the position at other times. Off balance sheet items do not pose any significant interest rate risk to the

	2,690,856 2,690,856 - 1,650,653	- 2,022,784 - 10,929,581 469,463 1,469,463 11,269 11,269	1,0	~	ŀ		- 485,450 3 2,200,993	3 20,024,484	. (2	
NON X		1,469,463	161,153 1,088,725	5,421,466	2,778,948	147,031	2,200,993	5,981,253	(559,787)	(1,135,900)
s Over 5 years MShs'000		137,231	' '	532,231	11,680,241	· · · · ·		11,680,241	(11,148,010)	(6,977,842)
1-5 years 0 KShs′000	4 647,300	2,554,072		3,201,372	296,247	- - 485,450		781,697	2,419.675	2,531,078
3-12 months KShs′000	32,054	4,145,890		4,177,944	1,064,322	· 1 1	1	1,064,322	3,113,622	2,602,301
1-3 months KShs′000	276,750	2,206,913	1	2,677,046	454,141	f 1 1	764.44	434,141	2,222,905	2,230,467
Up to 1 month KShs'000	299,549 1,829,401	, 4475 - -	4014427	C24/410/4	62,830	,	62.830	3.951.595		/49,896
ASSETS	Cash and bank balances Government securities Placements and balances with other banking institutions Loans and advances to customers	Property, equipment and lease hold land Investment property Intangible assets Other assets	Total assets	LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOI DERFEETINGS	Customer deposits Other liabilities Tax payable Deferred tax	Borrowings Share capital & reserves	Total liabilities and shareholders' funds	INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY GAP AT 31.12.06	INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY GAP AT 31 12 05	

For the year ended 31st December 2006

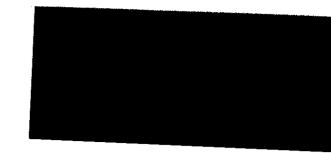
However, management ensures that the mismatch is controlled in line with allowable risk levels. Liquidity is managed on a daily basis and incorporates known The Bank manages the liquidity structure of assets, liabilities and commitments so that cash flows are appropriately matched to ensure that all funding obligations are met when due. Banking operations are such that mismatch of assets and liabilities according to their maturity profiles cannot be avoided. LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT and unanticipated cash needs.

The table below analyses maturity profiles of assets and liabilities of the 8ank based on the remaining period from 31 December 2006 to the contractual maturity date.

	Up to 1 month KShs′000	1-3 months 3- KShs′000	3-12 months KShs′000	1-5 years KShs′000	Over 5 years KShs'000	Total KShs'000
ASSETS Cash and bank balances Placements and balances with other banking institutions Treasury bills and bonds Loans and advances to customers Property, equipment and lease hold land Investment property	2,690,856 1,829,401 299,549 1,885,475	193,383 276,750 2,206,913	32,054 4,145,890	647,300 2,554,072 692,408 161,153	395,000 137,231 777,054 11,269	2,690,856 2,022,784 1,650,653 10,929,581 1,469,462 11,269 161,153 1,088,726
Other assets	7,511,150	2,677,046	4,460,801	4,054,933	1,320,554	20,024,484
Total assets LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS Customer deposits Other liabilities Tax payable Deferred tax Share capital and reserves	2,841,779 504,734	454,141 143,558	1,064,322 195,072 147,031	296,247 - 10,917 - 485,450	11,680,240	16,336,729 843,364 147,031 10,917 2,200,993 485,450
Borrowing Share capital & reserves	3,346,513	597,699	1,406,425	792,614	13,881,233	20,024,484
Total liabilities and shareholders' funds	4,164,637	2,079,347	3,054,376	3,262,319	(12,560,679)	
NET LIQUIDITY GAP AI 31.12.2000	361,311	1,830,269	2,521,980	2,531,078	(7,244,638)	
NET LIQUIDITY GAT ALL ST. C.						

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For the year ended 31st December 2006



COMMITMENTS

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not recognized in the financial statement is as follows:

	- manetal statement is as i	neidi statement is as follows:	
Contracted for advances not yet disbursed	2006 KShs'000	200: KShs'00(
Capital commitment contracted for at year end	225,893 326,436	229,917 32,850	
Contracted for advances not yet disbursed are agreements to be	582,329	262,767	

Contracted for advances not yet disbursed are agreements to lend to customers in future subject to certain conditions. Such commitments are normally made for a fixed period. The Bank may withdraw from its contractual obligation for the un drawn period

The directors are of the view that future net revenues will be sufficient to cover these commitments.

OFF BALANCE SHEET FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITTMENTS

In common with banking business, the Bank conducts business involving acceptances, guarantees, performance bonds and letters of guarantees. Majority of these facilities are offset by corresponding obligations from third parties.

	parties,	
Acceptances and letters of credit	2006 KShs'000	200: KShs′006
Letters of guarantees Litigation	818,430 1,017,147 9,741	63,660 104,453 9,741
An acceptance is an undertaking by the Bank to page bill of	1,845,318	177,854

An acceptance is an undertaking by the Bank to pay a bill of exchange on a specified due date. The bank expects most acceptances to be presented and reimbursement by the customer is normally immediate.

Letters of credit commit the Bank to make payments to third parties on production of credit compliant documents which are

Guarantee are generally written by the Bank to support the performance of a customer to third parties. The Bank will only be required

Based on the estimate of the financial effect of these contingencies and corresponding obligations from third parties, no loss is

Litigation amounts included above are in respect of pending court cases against the Bank. No provision has been made in the financial statements as the directors are of the view that the cases are unlikely to succeed.

Contingent tax liabilities

The Bank is currently discussing with Kenya Revenue Authority on some open tax items/issues. On the basis of appropriate professional advice, the directors are of the opinion that no loss will crystalise and therefore no provision has been made in these



For the year ended 31st December 2006

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The major part of the business of the Bank falls under the category of banking with other income comprising less than 1%. Segmental reporting is therefore not considered of any useful value. The Bank conducts banking services in Kenya.

CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (KShs).



Notes / Maelezo



Proxy Form



The Company Secretary **Equity Bank Limited** NHIF Building, 14th Floor P.O. Box 75104-00200 NAIROBI

PROXY FORM

EASE COMPLETE IN BLOCK LETTERS)	
P.O. BoxTELEPHONE NUMBER	
P.O. Box	
- 4 Faulty Bank Limited, hereby appoint	
of P.O. Box	
nd failing himof P.O. Boxof P.O. Boxof P.O. Boxof P.O. Boxof P.O. Boxof P.O. Box	
and failing him	entre ution.
As witnessed by my/our hand this	
NUMBER OF SHARES HELD	
SHARES ACCOUNT NUMBER	
SIGNATURE* *Delete whichever is not applicable	

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting and who is unable to attend is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his or her behalf.
- 3. To be valid, this proxy form must be duly completed by the member and lodged with the Company Secretary at the Company's Registered Office situate in NHIF BUILDING 14TH FLOOR, NAIROBI not later than 10.00 a.m. on 28th March,
- 4. In case of a member being a corporate body, this form of proxy must be completed under its common seal or under
- 5. In case of joint holders, the signature of any of them will suffice but the names of all joint holders must be stated.



Fomu ya Uwakilishi



Katibu wa Kampuni Kampuni ya Benki ya Equity Jumba la NHIF, Orofa ya 14 S.L.P. 75104 - 00200 **NAIROBI**

FOMU YA UWAKILISHI

(TAFADHALI JAZA KWA HERUFI KUBWA)

MIMI/SISI	
MIMI/SISIwa S.L.P	
2 - Jany, maniteda	
wa STP	
na akikosa kufika	
na akikosa kufikawa S.L.Pwa S.L.Pna akikosa kufika, mwenyekiti wa mkutano kama mwakilishi wangu/wetu kunipigia mimi/sisi katika mkutano mkuu wa kila mwaka wa kampuni utakaofanyika tarehe 30 mwezi machi 200 la Kenyatta International Conference Centre (K.I.C.C) saa nne asubuhi na kuambatana na uakutokea. Fomu hii inapaswa kutumiwa kupiga kura kuunga au kupinga azimio*. Isipokuwa mwakilishi atapiga kura jinsi atakavyoonelea inafaa. Kama shahidi kwa sahihi yangu/yetu siku hiiya tareheya tarehe	kura kwa niaba yangu/yetu 7 katika jumba la mikutano nirishaji wowote unaoweza naagizo mengine vatolowe
IDADI YA HISA ZINAZOMILIKIWA	2007
NAMBARI YA AKAUNTI YA HISA	
*Futa isiyohitajika	
KUMBUKA:	

- 1. Mwenyehisa aliyehitimu kuhudhuria na kupiga kura katika mkutano na ambaye hawezi kufika anaweza kumteua 2. Mwakilishi sio lazina awe mwanachama wa Kampuni.
- 3. Ili iwe halali, fomu ya uwakilishi inapaswa kujazwa ipasavyo na mwanachama na kupelekwa kwa Katibu wa Kampuni katika afisi ya kampuni iliyosajiliwa ambayo iko kwenye jumba la NHIF BUILDING Orofa ya 14, NAIROBI kabla ya saa
- 4. Iwapo mwanachama ni shirika, fomu ya uwakilishi inapaswa kujazwa na kuwekwa muhuri wa shirika au kutiwa saini
- 5. lwapo wanachama wanamiliki hisa kwa pamoja, sahihi ya mmoja wao itatosha lakini lazima majina ya wanaomiliki

